

HAGGADAH SHELPESACH

Haggadah for Passover

5784 - 2024



ALEPH INSTITUTE

No One Alone, No One Forgotten.

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A NOTE FROM RABBI VOGEL

Dear Friend,

As we approach Passover, the story of our ancestors' exodus from Egyptian slavery takes on renewed meaning. Our sages tell us that in every generation, we, too, must view ourselves as leaving Egypt. This resonates, not only in the face of those who may physically threaten us, attacking the Jews of the Holy Land on the most joyful day on the Jewish calendar, but also against the inner Pharaoh within each one of us, who tempts us with the fleeting pleasures of the material world. However, just as our ancient ancestors threw off the shackles of Egypt, so too can we break free from our own limitations, with the spark of Moses within each of us. By striving for a life imbued with ever-increasing holiness and kindness, we pave the path towards the ultimate redemption – the arrival of Moshiach, may he come swiftly in our days.

With blessings for a Kosher and festive Passover, Rabbi Moishe Mayir Vogel Executive Director, Aleph Institute Passover 5784 - 2024

PASSOVER IN JEWISH HISTORY

15 Nissan 5784 (April 22nd 2024) "Covenant Between the Parts" (1743 BCE)

On the 15th of Nissan of the year 2018 from Daniel in Lions' Den (372 BCE) creation (1743 BCE) G-d forged a special covenant with Abraham in which the destiny of the Jewish people was foretold: the Holy Land was bequeathed to them as their eternal heritage, but first they would have to experience Galut -exile and persecution in Egypt.

Moses at Burning Bush (1314 BCE)

On the 15th of Nissan of the year 2447 from Levi Born (1566 BCE) creation (1314 BCE) - exactly one year before the 16 Nissan is the birthday of Levi, son of our Exodus - Moses was shepherding the flocks of his father-in-law, Jethro, at the foot of Mount Sinai, 18 Nissan 5784 (26 April 2024) when G-d appeared to him in a "thornbush that burned with fire, but was not consumed" and instructed him to return to Egypt, come before Pharaoh, and demand in the name of G-d: "Let My people go, so that they may serve Me." For seven days and seven nights Moses argued with G-d, pleading that he is the wrong person for the job, before accepting the mission to redeem the people of Israel and bring them to Sinai.

The Exodus (1313 BCE)

At the stroke of midnight of Nissan 15 of the year 2448 from creation (1313 BCE), 210 years after Jacob settled in Egypt and 430 years after the "Covenant Between the Parts," G-d visited the last of the ten plagues on the Egyptians, killing all their firstborn. Earlier that evening, the Children of Israel conducted the first "seder" of history, eating the roasted meat of the Passover offering with Matzot and bitter herbs, and sprinkling the blood of the sacrifice on their doorposts as a sign that Gd will "pass over" their homes when inflicting the plague upon the Egyptians. Pharaoh's resistance to free them was broken, and he virtually chased his former slaves out of the land. Several million Jews

left Egypt on that day and began the 50-day trek to Sinai and their birth as G-d's chosen people.

The Prophet Daniel was cast into a den of hungry lions by King Darius I of Persia for violating a royal edict that no man may pray to any god save the king for 30 days. Miraculously, the lions did not touch him, and he emerged from the den unscathed.

16 Nissan 5784 (April 23rd 2024)

forefather Yaakov and his first wife Leah.

Pharaoh Becomes Aware of Escape (1313 BCE) Following the Jewish nation's grand exodus from Egypt, Pharaoh, who only gave official permission for the Jews to leave for three days, was informed by secret agents whom he sent together with the Jews that they had no intention of returning. Pharaoh decided to mobilize his army and pursue the Jews, with the intention of bringing them back to Egypt.

20 Nissan 5784 (April 28th 2024) Pharaoh Corners Jews (1313 BCE)

Pharaoh's pursuit of the Jews ended on this day, on the shores of the Red Sea. A terrified Jewish nation divides into several factions. Some advocated mass suicide, others wanted to surrender and return to Egypt, the bolder ones prepared to battle the Egyptians, while others advised the nation to pray. G-d thought otherwise. He instructed the Jews to simply proceed onwards - despite the sea which stood in their path.

Passing of Rav Hai Gaon (1038)

Rav (Rabbi) Hai Gaon was the last of the Geonim, the brilliant Talmudic scholars who headed the great schools of Babylonia during the five centuries following the compilation of the Talmud

(around 600 CE). Son of Rav Sherira Gaon, Rav Hai was one of the greatest authorities of his time, and his decisions and guidance were sought after by Jewish communities across the world. R. Hai served at his post as Gaon for forty years. He passed away on 20 Nissan 4798 (1038), at the age

21 Nissan 5784 (April 29th 2024) Red Sea Splits (1313 BCE)

On the eve of the seventh day after the Exodus, the Children of Israel found themselves trapped between the Egyptian army and cavalry pursuing them from behind and the waters of the Red Sea before them. G-d commanded Moses: "Speak to the Children of Israel, that they should move

Nachshon ben Aminadav of the tribe of Judah was the first to jump into the sea; the water split, and "the children of Israel walked across on the dry land in the midst of the sea." All that night, a pillar of fire intervened between the Egyptians and the Israelites. When the Egyptians followed, the waters returned to their natural state and place and drowned them. The Children of Israel sang the "Song at the Sea" in praise and gratitude to G-d.

22 Nissan 5784 (April 30th 2024) **Encirclement of Jericho (1273 BCE)**

Shortly after crossing the Jordan River and entering the Land of Canaan, the Jews set their sights on conquering the walled and heavily fortified city of Jericho. Following Joshua's instructions (Joshua being Moses' successor), on the 22nd of Nissan the Jews encircled Jericho. The Jews marched around the city walls, led by the priests who carried the Holy Ark, and sounded the Shofar (ram's horn). This performance was repeated for seven days. On the seventh day, the walls of the city collapsed.

The Why, When, & What

WHY

As told in the Bible, after centuries of slavery to the Egyptian Pharaohs, during which time the Jews were subjected to backbreaking labor and unbearable horrors, G-d saw the people's distress and sent Moses to Pharaoh with a message: "Send forth My people, so that they may serve Me." But despite numerous warnings, Pharaoh refused to heed G-d's command. G-d then sent upon Egypt ten devastating plagues, afflicting them, and destroying everything from their livestock to their crops.

At the stroke of midnight of 15 Nissan in the year 2448 from creation (1313 BCE), G-d visited the last of the ten plagues on the Egyptians, killing all their firstborn. While doing so, G-d spared the children of Israel, "passing over" their homes—hence the name of the holiday. Pharaoh's resistance was broken, and he virtually chased his former slaves out of the land. The Israelites left in such a hurry, in fact, that the bread they baked as provisions for the way did not have time to rise, turning, instead, into Matzah. Pharaoh later changed his mind and pursued the Jews to the Yam Suf (lit. Sea of Reeds), trapping them several days later on the shore. G-d split the sea, allowing the Jews passage on dry land, and then returned the sea to its normal position, washing away Pharaoh's army. Several million Jews left Egypt on that day and began the trek to Mount Sinai, and their birth as G-d's chosen people.

WHEN

Days on the Jewish calendar start at dark and end at dark the night day (i.e. 6 PM Sunday to 6 PM Monday). However, due to disagreements between Jewish sages regarding the time between the Halachic¹ onset of sundown and the end of sunset (whether it should be considered night or day), there is an approximately hour "overlap" time, when the stringencies of the previous day *and* of the coming day are adhered to. Thus, Passover 2024 begins in Pittsburgh on April 22nd at 8:07 PM (though there is an established custom to start observing Shabbat and Holidays eighteen minutes early) and ends eight days later on April 30th at 8:59 PM. The times are obviously dependent on your current location; a tool for finding the Halachic times for your current location can be found at AlephNE.org/CandleLighting.

WHAT

Passover is divided into three parts: The first two days and the last two days (the latter commemorating the splitting of the Yam Suf) are full-fledged holidays. Holiday candles are lit at night, and kiddush and sumptuous holiday meals are enjoyed on both nights and days. We don't go to work, drive, write, or switch on or off electric devices.

The middle four days are called Chol Hamoed, semi-festive "intermediate days," when most forms of work are permitted.

To commemorate the unleavened bread that our ancestors ate when they left Egypt, we don't eat—or even retain in our possession—any Chametz from midday of the day before Passover until the conclusion of the holiday. Chametz means leavened grain—any food or drink that contains even a trace of wheat, barley, rye, oats, spelt or their derivatives, and which wasn't guarded from leavening or fermentation. This includes bread, cake, cookies, cereal, pasta, and most alcoholic beverages. Moreover, almost any processed food or drink can be assumed to be Chametz unless certified otherwise.

Instead of Chametz, we eat Matzah—flat unleavened bread. It is a mitzvah to partake of matzah on the two Seder nights (see below for more on this), and during the rest of the holiday it is optional.

The highlight of Passover is the Seder, observed on each of the first two nights of the holiday. The Seder is a fifteen-step family-oriented tradition and ritual-packed feast.

The focal points of the Seder are: A) Eating matzah; B) Eating bitter herbs—to commemorate the bitter slavery endured by the Israelites; C) Drinking four cups of wine or grape juice—a royal drink to celebrate our newfound freedom; D) The recitation of the Haggadah, a liturgy that describes in detail the story of the Exodus from Egypt. The Haggadah is the fulfillment of the biblical obligation to recount to our children the story of the Exodus on the night of Passover.

¹ "Halacha" is Jewish law. Halachic, therefore, implies "in/of Jewish law".

Kadesh - uzz

The first cup of grape juice is poured, and the Kiddush is recited while standing. On Friday night, read the words in the shaded areas.

The sixth day. And the heavens and the Earth and all their hosts were completed. And on the seventh day God finished His work which He had made, and He rested on the seventh day from all His work which He had made. And God blessed the seventh day and made it holy, for on it He tested from all His work which God created to make.

יוֹם הַשִּׁשִּׁי. וַיְכֵלוּ הַשָּׁמַיִם וְהָאָרֶץ וְכֶל־צְּבָאָם. וַיְכֵל אֱלֹהִים בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי מְלַאכְתּוֹ אֲשֶׁר עֲשָׂה וַיִּשְׁבֹּת בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי מִכָּל מְלַאכְתּוֹ אֲשֶׁר עֲשָׂה. וַיְבָרֵךְ אֱלֹהִים אֶת יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי וַיְקַדֵּשׁ אוֹתוֹ כִּי בוֹ שֶׁבַת מִכָּל־מְלַאכְתּוֹ אַשֵּׁר בָּרָא אֱלֹהִים לַעֲשׁוֹת:

סברי Attention Gentlemen:

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who has chosen us from among all people, and raised us above all tongues, and made us holy through His commandments. And You, G-d, our G-d, have given us in love (Sabbaths for rest, and) festivals for happiness, feasts and festive seasons for rejoicing (this Shabbat-day and) the day of this Feast of Matzot and this Festival of holy convocation, the Season of our Freedom (in love), a holy convocation, commemorating the departure from Egypt. For You have chosen us and sanctified us from all the nations, and You have given us as a heritage Your (holy Shabbat and) Festivals (in love and favor) in happiness and joy. Blessed are You, G-d, who sanctifies (the Shabbat and) Israel and the festive seasons.

סַבָרִי מַרַנַן.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגָּפֶּן:
בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם אֲשֶׁר בָּחַר בָּנוּ
מִכֶּל־עָם, וְרוֹמְמָנוּ מִכָּל־לְשׁוֹן, וְקְדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיוּ.
וֹתְּתֶּן לָנוּ ה' אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּאַהְבָה (שַׁבְּתוֹת לִמְנוּחָה וּ)
מוֹעֲדִים לְשִׁמְחָה, חַגִּים וּזְמַנִּים לְשָׁשוֹן (אֶת יוֹם מוֹעֲדִים לְשִׁמוֹן (אֶת יוֹם טוֹב הַשַּבָּת הַזֶּה, וְאָת יוֹם חֵג הַמַּצּוֹת הַזָּה, וְאָת יוֹם טוֹב הַשַּׁבְּר קוֹדֶשׁ הַזֶּה, זְמֵן חֵרוּתֵנוּ (בְּאַהַבָה) מִקְרָא לְדֶשׁ מַכֶּל לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם. כִּי בָנוּ בָחַרְתָּ וְאוֹתְנוּ קַדְשְׁתְּ מִכֶּל הָבְּעִמִים (וְשַׁבָּת) וּמוֹעְדִי קַדְשֶׁךְ (בְּאַהָבָה וּכְרָצוֹן)
הָעְמִים (וְשַׁבָּת) וּמוֹעְדִי קַדְשֶׁךְ (בְּאַהָּבָה וּכְרָצוֹן)
בְּשִׁמְחָה וּבְשָּׁתוֹן הִנְחַלְתָּנוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשְּׁבָּת וְיִשְׁרָא לְוָהוֹלְתָנוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשְׁבָּת וְ) וְהִוְקֹנְנוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', מְקְדֵּשׁ הַנְשִׁרְתְּוֹנוֹ הְנְחַלְתָנוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', מְקְדֵּשׁ הֹן וְהַיְמָנִים.

On Saturday night, add the following.

ברוך Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who creates the lights of fire.

Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who makes a distinction between sacred and profane, between light and darkness, between Israel and the nations, between the seventh day and the six work-days. You have made a distinction between the holiness of the Shabbat and the holiness of the festival, and You have sanctified the seventh day above the six work-days. You have set apart and made holy Your people Israel with Your holiness. Blessed are You, G-d, who makes a distinction between holy and holy.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא מְאוֹרֵי האֵשׁ.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם הַמַּבְדִיל בֵּין לְדֶשׁ לְחֹל, בֵּין אוֹר לְחֹשֶׁך, בֵּין יִשְׂרָאֵל לְעַמִּים, בֵּין יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי לְשֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׂה. בֵּין קְדָשַׁת שַׁבָּת לְקְדֻשַּׁת יוֹם טוֹב הִבְדַּלְתָּ, וְאֶת־יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי מִשֵּׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׂה קִדְּשְׁתָּ. הִבְדַלְתָּ וְקְדַשְׁתָּ אֶת־עַמְּךְ יִשְׁרָאֵל בִּקְדָשָׁתֶךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', הַמַּבְדִיל בֵּין לִדֶשׁ לְלִדֶשׁ.

Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who has granted us life, sustained us, and enabled us to reach this occasion.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם, שֶׁהֶחֲיָנוּ וְקְיְמְנוּ וְהָגִּיעָנוּ לִזְמַן הַזָּה:

Drink the cup of grape juice, reclining to the left as a sign of freedom.

Urchatz - וְרַחַץ

Ritually wash hands (three times on the right hand, and then three times on the left hand) without reciting any blessings.

ברפס - Karpas

Take less than a kezayit (the volume of one olive) of the karpas, dip it into salt-water or vinegar, and recite the following blessing. When reciting this blessing, have in mind that it is also for the bitter herbs to be eaten later on.

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who creates the fruit of the earth.

בּרוּדְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הָאֲדָמָה:

Yachatz - יחץ

Take the middle Matzah from the Seder plate and break it into two, one piece larger than the other. The larger piece is set aside to serve as Afikoman. The smaller piece is put back, between the two remaining Matzot.

מגיד - Maggid

The tray with the Matzot is moved aside, and the second cup is poured. (Don't drink it yet). Now children ask the "Mah Nishtana?" aloud, followed, quietly, by the adults.

מה What makes this night different from all [other] nights?

שבכל On all nights we need not dip even once, on this night we do so twice! On all nights we eat chametz or matzah, and on this night only matzah! On all nights we eat any kind of vegetables, and on this night maror! On all nights we eat sitting upright or reclining, and on this night we all recline!

מַה נִּשְׁתַּנָה הַלַּיְלָה הַנָּה מִכָּל הַלֵּילוֹת?
שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אָנוּ אוֹכְלִין חָמֵץ וּמַצָּה, הַלַּיְלָה הַנָּה – בֻּלּוֹ
מַצְּה. שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אָנוּ אוֹכְלִין שְׁאָר יְרָקוֹת – הַלַּיְלָה
הַנָּה (בֻּלּוֹ) מָרוֹר. שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אֵין אָנוּ מַטְבִּילִין אֲפִילוּ
בַּעַם אֶחָת – הַלַּיְלָה הַנָּה שְׁתֵּי פְעָמִים. שֶׁבְּכָל הַלֵּילוֹת אָנוּ
אוֹכְלִין בֵּין יוֹשְׁבִין וּבֵין מִסְבִּין – הַלַּיִלָה הַנֵּה כִּלְנוּ מְסִבִּין.
אוֹכְלִין בֵּין יוֹשְׁבִין וּבֵין מִסְבִּין – הַלַּיִלָה הַנֵּה כִּלְנוּ מְסַבִּין.

The tray is restored to its place with the Matzah partly uncovered. Now we say "We were slaves. . ."

עבדים We were slaves to Pharaoh in Egypt, and the L-rd, our G-d, took us out from there with a strong hand and with an outstretched arm. If the Holy One, blessed be He, had not taken our fathers out of Egypt, then we, our children and our children's children would have remained enslaved to Pharaoh in Egypt. Even if all of us were wise, all of us understanding, all of us knowing the Torah, we would still be obligated to discuss the exodus from Egypt; and everyone who discusses the exodus from Egypt at length is praiseworthy.

עַבָּדִים הָיִינוּ לְפַּרְעֹה בְּמִצְרָיִם, נַיּוֹצִיאֵנוּ ה' אֱלֹהֵינוּ מִשֶּׁם בְּיִדְ חָזְקָה וּבִּזְרֹעַ נְטוּיָה. וְאָלוּ לֹא הוֹצִיא הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא אֶת אֲבוֹתֵינוּ מִמְצְרָיִם, הָרֵי אָנוּ וּבְנֵינוּ וּבְנֵי בָנֵינוּ מְשֻׁעְבָּדִים אֶת אֲבוֹתֵינוּ מְמָצְרָיִם, וַאֲפִילוּ כֻּלְנוּ חְבָמִים כֻּלְנוּ נְבוֹנִים הַמְצְרִים. וַאֲפִילוּ כֻּלְנוּ חְבְמִים כֻּלְנוּ וֹדְעִים אֶת הַתּוֹרָה מִצְנִה עָלֵינוּ לְסַבֵּר בִּיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם הָרֵי זֶה בִּיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם הָרֵי זֶה מִשְׁבּח.

מעשה It happened that Rabbi Eliezer, Rabbi Yehoshua, Rabbi Elazar ben Azaryah, Rabbi Akiva and Rabbi Tarphon were reclining [at a seder] in B'nei Berak. They were discussing the exodus from Egypt all that night, until their students came and told them: "Our Masters! The time has come for reciting the morning Shema!"

אמר Rabbi Eleazar ben Azaryah said: "I am like a man of seventy years old, yet I did not succeed in proving that the exodus from Egypt must be mentioned at night-until Ben Zoma explained it: "It is said, 'That you may remember the day you left Egypt all the days of your life;' now 'the days of your life' refers to the days, [and the additional word] 'all' indicates the inclusion of the nights!"

וחכמים The sages, however, said: "'The days of your life' refers to the present-day world; and 'all' indicates the inclusion of the days of Mashiach."

מְעֲשֶׂה בְּרַבִּי אֶלִיעֶזֶר וְרַבִּי יְהוֹשֵׁעַ וְרַבִּי אֶלְעָזָר בֶּן־ עְּזַרְיָה וְרַבִּי עֲקִיכָא וְרַבִּי טַרְפוֹן שֶׁהָיוּ מְסַבִּין בִּבְנֵי־ בְרַק וְהָיוּ מְסַפְּרִים בִּיצִיאַת מִצְרִיִם כָּל־אוֹתוֹ הַלַּיְלָה, עַד שֶׁבָּאוּ תַלְמִידֵיהֶם וְאָמְרוּ לָהֶם רַבּוֹתֵינוּ הִגִּיעַ זְמַן קריאַת שָׁמַע שֵׁל שַׁחַרִית.

אָמַר רַבִּּי אָלְעָזָר בֶּן־עֲזַרְיָה הָרֵי אֲנִי כְּבֶן שִׁרְעִים שָׁנָה וְלֹא זָכִיתִי שֶׁתֵּאָמֵר יְצִיאַת מִצְרַיִם בַּלֵּילוֹת עַד שֶׁדְּרָשָׁה בֶּן זוֹמָא, שֶׁנָּאֲמַר, לְמַעַן תִּזְכֹּר אֶת יוֹם צֵאתְדְ מֵאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם כֹּל יְמֵי חַיֶּיךְ. יְמֵי חַיֶּיךְ הַיָּמִים. כֹּל יְמֵי חַיֵּיךְ הַלְּילוֹת.

וַחֲכָמִים אוֹמְרִים, יְמֵי חַיֶּיךְ הָעוֹלָם הַזָּה. כֹּל יְמֵי חַיֶּיךְ לָהָבִיא לִימוֹת הַמַּשִׁיחַ:

The Four

Blessed is the Omnipresent One, blessed be He! Blessed is He who gave the Torah to His people Israel, blessed be He! The Torah speaks of four children: One is wise, one is wicked, one is simple, and one does not know how to ask.

The wise one, what does he say? "What are the testimonies, the statutes and the laws which the L-rd, our G-d, has commanded you?" You, in turn, shall instruct him in the laws of Passover, [up to] 'one is not to eat any dessert after [eating] the Passover-lamb.'

רשע The wicked one, what does he say? "What is this service to you?!" He says 'to you,' but not to him! By thus excluding himself from the community he has denied that which is fundamental. You, therefore, blunt his teeth and say to him: "It is because of this that the L-rd did for me when I left Egypt"; 'for me' - but not for him! If he had been there, he would not have been redeemed!"

בָּרוּךְ הַמָּקוֹם, בָּרוּךְ הוּא, בָּרוּךְ שֶׁנָּתַן תּוֹרָה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל, בָּרוּךְ הוּא. כְּנָגֶד אַרְבָּעָה בָנִים דְּבְּרָה תוֹרָה: אֶחָד חָכָם, וְאֶחָד רָשָׁע, וְאֶחָד הָּם, וְאֶחָד שָׁאֵינוֹ יוֹדֵעַ לִשְׁאוֹל.

חָכָם מָה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מָה הָעֵדוֹת וְהַחֻקִּים וְהַמִּשְׁפָּטִים אֲשֶׁר צָוָה ה' אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֶתְכֶם. וְאַף אַתָּה אֱמוֹר לוֹ כְּהַלְכוֹת הַפֶּסַח: אֵין מַפְטִירִין אַחַר הַפֶּסַח אֲפִיקוֹמָן:

רָשָׁע מָה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מָה הָעְבוֹדָה הַזּאֹת לָכֶם. לָכֶם – וְלֹא לוֹ. וּלְפִי שָׁהוֹצִיא אֶת עַצְמוֹ מִן הַכְּלָל כָּפַר בְּעָקַר. וְאַף אַתָּה הֹקְהָה אֶת שַׁנִּיו וָאֱמוֹר לוֹ: "בַּעְבוּר זָה עַשָּׁה ה' לִי בְּצֵאתִי מָמָבְרִים". לִי וְלֹא־לוֹ. אָלוּ הַיֵה שַׁם, לֹא הַיַה נָגְאַל:

תָּם מָה הוּא אוֹמֵר? מַה זּאֹת? וְאָמַרְתָּ אֵלָיוֹ "בְּחוֹזֶק יָד הוֹצִיאָנוּ ה' מִמִּצְרַיִם מִבֵּית עֲבָדִים."

ּןשֶׁאֵינוֹ יוֹדֵעַ לִשְׁאוֹל – אַתְּ פְּתַח לוֹ, שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר, וְהִגַּדְתָּ לְבִנְּדְ בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמֹר, בַּעֲבוּר זֶה עָשָׂה ה' לִי בְּצֵאתִי מִמְּצְרָיִם.

תם The simpleton, what does he say? "What is this?" Thus, you shall say to him: "With a strong hand the L-rd took us out of Egypt, from the house of slaves."

א for the one who does not know how to ask, you must initiate him, as it is said: "You shall tell your child on that day, 'It is because of this that the L-rd did for me when I left Egypt."

יכול One may think that [the discussion of the exodus] must be from the first of the month. The Torah therefore says, 'On that day.' 'On that day,' however, could mean while it is yet daytime; the Torah therefore says, 'It is because of this.' The expression 'because of this' can only be said when Matzah and Maror are placed before you.

יָכוֹל מֵראשׁ חֹדֶשׁ? תַּלְמוּד לוֹמֵר בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא. אִי בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא יָכוֹל מִבְּעוֹד יוֹם? תַּלְמוּד לוֹמֵר בַּעֲבוּר זֶה – בַּעֲבוּר זֶה לֹא אָמַרְתִּי, אֶלָּא בְּשָׁעָה שֶׁיֵשׁ מַצָּה וּמָרוֹר מַנַּחִים לְפַנִיךָּ. In the beginning our fathers served idols; but now the Omnipresent One has brought us close to His service, as it is said: "Joshua said to all the people: Thus said the L-rd, the G-d of Israel, 'Your fathers used to live on the other side of the river - Terach, the father of Abraham and the father of Nachor, and they served other gods. "And I took your father Abraham from beyond the river, and I led him throughout the whole land of Canaan. I increased his seed and gave him Isaac, and to Isaac I gave Jacob and Esau. To Esau I gave Mount

Seir to possess it, and Jacob and his sons went down

to Egypt."

Blessed is He who keeps His promise to Israel, blessed be He! For the Holy One, blessed be He, calculated the end [of the bondage], in order to do as He had said to our father Abraham at the "Covenant between the Portions," as it is said: "And He said to Abraham, 'You shall know that your seed will be strangers in a land that is not theirs, and they will enslave them and make them suffer, for four hundred years. But I shall also judge the nation whom they shall serve, and after that they will come out with great wealth.""

The wine cup is now raised and the Matzot are covered.

והיא This is what has stood by our fathers and us! For not just one alone has risen against us to destroy us, but in every generation, they rise against us to destroy us; and the Holy One, blessed be He, saves us from their hands!

Put down the wine cup and uncover the Matzah.

RY Go forth and learn what Laban the Aramean (Jacob's father-in-law) wanted to do to our father Jacob. Pharaoh had issued a decree against the male children only, but Laban wanted to uproot everyone - as it is said: "The Aramean wished to destroy my father [Jacob]; and he [Jacob] went down to Egypt and sojourned there, few in number; and he became there a nation – great, mighty and numerous."

"And he went down to Egypt" forced by Divine decree. "And he sojourned there" - this teaches that our father Jacob did not go down to Egypt to settle, but only to live there temporarily. Thus it is said, "They said to Pharaoh, We have come to sojourn in the land, for there is no pasture for your servants' flocks because the hunger is severe in the land of Canaan; and now, please, let your servants dwell in the land of Goshen."

"Few in number" as it is said: "Your fathers went down to Egypt with seventy persons, and now, the L-rd, your G-d, has made you as numerous as the stars of heaven."

מְּתְּחָלֶּה עוֹבְדֵי עֲבוֹדָה זָרָה הָיוּ אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, וְעַרְשָׁיו קַרְבָנוּ הַמָּקוֹם לַעֲבדָתוֹ, שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וַיֹּאמֶר יְהוֹשֻעַ אֶּל־כָּל־הָעָם, פֹה אָמַר ה' אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל: בְּעֵבֶר הַנָּהָר יָשְׁבוּ אֲבוֹתֵיכֶם מֵעוֹלָם, הֶּרַח אֲבִי אַבְרָהָם וַאֲבִי נָחוֹר, וַיַּעַבְדוּ אֱלֹהִים אֲחֵרִים.

יָנָאֶקַח אֶת־אֲבִיכֶם אֶת־אַבְרָהָם מֵעֵבֶר הַנָּהָר וָאוֹלֵךְ אוֹתוֹ בְּכָל־אֶרֶץ כְּנָעַן, וָאַרְבֶּה אֶת־זַרְעוֹ וָאֶמֵן לוֹ אֶת־יִצְחָק, וָאֶתֵּן לְיִצְחָק אֶת־יַעֲקֹב וְאֶת־עֵשָׂו. וָאֶתֵּן לְעַשָּׁו אֶת־הַר שֹׁעִיר לָרֶשֶׁת אתוֹ, וְיַעֲקֹב וּבָנִיו יָרְדוּ מִצְרָיִם."

בָּרוּךְ שׁוֹמֵר הַבְּטָחָתוֹ לְיִשְׂרָאֵל, בָּרוּךְ הוּא. שֶׁהַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא חִשַּׁב אֶת־הַקֵּץ, לְעֲשׁוֹת כְּמוֹ שֶׁאָמַר לְאַבְרָהָם אָבִינוּ בִּבְרִית בֵּין הַבְּתָרִים, שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: וַיּאֹמֶר לְאַבְרָם, יָדֹעַ תַּדַע כִּי־גֵר יִהְיֶה זַרְעַךְ בְּאֶרֶץ לֹא לָהֶם, וְעֲבָדוּם וְעִנּוּ אֹתָם אַרְבַּע מֵאוֹת שָׁנָה. וְגַם אֶת־הַגוֹי אֲשֶׁר יַעֲבֹדוּ דָן אָנֹכִי וְאַחֲרִי־כֵן יֵצְאוּ בִּרְכֵשׁ גָּדוֹל.

וָהִיא שֶׁעָמְדָה לַאֲבוֹתֵינוּ וְלָנוּ. שֶׁלֹא אֶחָד בִּלְכָד עָמַד עָלֵינוּ לְכַלּוֹתֵנוּ, אֶלָּא שֶׁבְּכָל דּוֹר וָדוֹר עוֹמְדִים עָלֵינוּ לְכַלוֹתֵנוּ, וָהַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא מַצִּילֵנוּ מִיָּדָם.

צֵא וּלְמַד מַה בִּקֵשׁ לָבָן הָאֲרַמִּי לַעֲשׂוֹת לְיַעֲּקֹב אָבִינוּ: שֶׁפַּרְעֹה לֹא גָזַר אֶלָּא עַל הַזְּכָרִים, וְלָבָן בִּקֵשׁ לַעֲקֹר אֶבָּר, נַיֵּרָד מִצְרִיְמָה נַיָּגָר אֶבד אָבִי, נַיֵּרֶד מִצְרִיְמָה נַיָּגָר שָׁם בִּמְתִי מְעָט, נַיְהִי שֶׁם לְגוֹי גָּדוֹל, עָצוּם נָרָב."

"נַיֵּרֶד מִצְרַיְמָה" – אָנוּס עַל פִּי הַדְּבּוּר. "נַיְּגָר שָׁם" - מְלַמֵּד שָׁלֹא יָרַד יַעֲלְב אָבִינוּ לְהִשְׁתַּקַעַ בְּמִצְרִים אֶלָּא לְנוּר שָׁם, שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: נִיֹּאמְרוּ אֶלֹ־פַּרְעֹה, לָגוּר בָּאָרֶץ לְּגוּר שָׁם, שָׁנָּאֱמַר: נִיֹּאמְרוּ אֶלֹ־פַּרְעֹה, לָגוּר בָּאָרֶץ בָּאָרֶץ בָּי כָבֵד הָרָעָב בְּאַרֶץ בְּעָבן. וְעַתָּה יֵשְׁבוּ־נָא עֲבָדֶיךְ בְּאֶרֶץ גֹּשֶׁן. בְּאָרֶץ גֹשֶׁן. בְּמָבוּד בְּאֶרֶץ גֹשֶׁן. בְּמָה שֵׁבְּוּר: בְּשִׁבְעִים נָכֶּשׁ יִרְדוּ אֲבוֹתִיךְ בִּמְתִי מְעָט. כְּמָה שַׁמְדְּ ה' אֵלֹהֵיךְ כְּכוֹרְבֵי הַשְּׁמְרָם לָרב. מִצְרַיִּםה, וְעַתָּה שַׂמְדְּ ה' אֵלֹהֵיךְ כְּכוֹרְבֵי הַשְּׁמִים לַרֹב.

"And he became there a nation" this teaches that Israel was distinctive there. "Great, mighty," as it is said: "And the children of Israel were fruitful and increased abundantly, and multiplied and became very, very mighty, and the land became filled with them."

"And numerous," as it is said: "I passed over you and saw you wallowing in your bloods, and I said to you 'By your blood you shall live,' and I said to you 'By your blood you shall live!' I caused you to thrive like the plants of the field, and you increased and grew and became very beautiful your bosom fashioned and your hair grown long, but you were naked and bare."

וירעו "The Egyptians treated us badly and they made us suffer, and they put hard work upon us."

"רעו" "The Egyptians treated us badly," as it is said: "Come, let us act cunningly with [the people] lest they multiply and, if there should be a war against us, they will join our enemies, fight against us and leave the land."

"And they made us suffer," as it is said: "They set taskmasters over [the people of Israel] to make them suffer with their burdens, and they built storage cities for Pharaoh, Pitom and Ramses."

"And they put hard work upon us," as it is said: "The Egyptians made the children of Israel work with rigor. And they made their lives bitter with hard work, with mortar and with bricks and all manner of service in the field, all their work which they made them work with rigor."

ונצעק "And we cried out to the L-rd, the G-d of our fathers, and the L-rd heard our voice and saw our suffering, our labor and our oppression."

"And we cried out to the L-rd, the G-d of our fathers," as it is said: "During that long period, the king of Egypt died; and the children of Israel groaned because of the servitude, and they cried out. And their cry for help from their servitude rose up to G-d."

"And the L-rd heard our voice" as it said: "And G-d heard their groaning, and G-d remembered His covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob."

וירא "And he saw our suffering," this refers to the separation of husband and wife, as it is said: "G-d saw the children of Israel and G-d took note."

"Our labor," this refers to the "children," as it is said: "(Pharoah commanded) Every boy that is born, you shall throw into the river and every girl you shall keep alive."

"And our oppression," this refers to the pressure, as it is said: "I have seen the oppression with which the Egyptians oppress them."

ינְיָהִי שֶׁם לְגוֹי״ - מְלַמֵד שֶׁהָיוּ יִשְׂרָאֵל מְצֵיָנִים שָׁם. ״גָּדוֹל עֲצוּם״ - כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר: וּבְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל פָּרוּ וַיִּשְׁרְצוּ וַיִּרְבּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִיִּעְבִּוּ נִתְּמַלֵּא הַאָּרֵץ אֹתָם.

ּוָרָב. כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: רְבָבָה כְּצֶמַח הַשֶּׁדֶה נְתַתִּיךְ, וַתִּרְבִּי וַתְּלְדִּלִי וַתְּבֹּאִי בַּעֲדִי עֲדָיִם, שָׁדִים נָכֹנוּ וּשְׁעַרֵךְ צִמְח, וְאַתְּ וַתִּגְּדְלִי וַתְּבֹאִי בַּעֲדִי עֲדָיִם, שָׁדִים נָכֹנוּ וּשְׁעַרֵךְ צִמְח, וְאַתְּ עִרֹם וְעֶרְיָה. וָאֶעֲבֹר עָלִיְךְ וָאָרְאֵךְ מִתְבּוֹסֶסֶת בְּדָמִיךְ, וָאֹמַר לָךְ בְּדָמִיךְ חָיִי. רְבָבָה כְּצֶמַח נָאַמֵּר לָךְ בְּדָמִיךְ חָיִי. רְבָבָה כְּצֶמַח הַשֶּׂדֶה נְתַתִּיךְ וַתְּרָבִי וַתְּגְּדְּלִי וַתְּבֹאִי בַּעֲדִי עֲדָיִים שֶׁדִיִם הָּצְרִי עַבְיִים שֶׁדִים נְבַּתְרָיִה: נְּלִרִיךְ צִמֶּח וְאֵתְּ עֵרִם וְעֵרְיָה:

״וַיָּרֵעוּ אֹתָנוּ הַמִּצְרִים וַיְעַנּוּנוּ, וַיִּתְנוּ עָלֵינוּ עֲבֹדָה קַשָּׁה.״

״וַיָּרֵעוּ אֹתָנוּ הַמִּצְרִים״ – כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֱמֵר: הָבָה נִתְחַכְּמָה לוֹ פֶּן יִרְבָּה, וְהָיָה כִּי תִקְרֶאנָה מִלְחָמָה וְנוֹסַף גַּם הוּא עַל שׂנְאֵינוּ וְנִלְחַם־בָּנוּ, וְעַלָּה מִן־הָאָרֶץ.״

״נִיעַנּוּנוּ״ - כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֶמַר: נַיָּשִׂימוּ עָלָיו שָׂרֵי מִסְים לְמַעַן עַנֹּתוֹ בְּסִבְלֹתָם. נַיִּבֶן עָרֵי מִסְכְּנוֹת לְפַרְעֹה, אֶת־ כָּּתֹם וְאֶת־רַעַמְסֵס.

״וַיִּתְּנוּ עָלֵינוּ עֲבֹדָה קַשָּׁה״ - כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֶמַר: וַיַּעֲבִדוּ מִצְרַיִם אֶת־בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּפָּרֶךּ. וַיְמָרְרוּ אֶת חַיֵּיהֶם בַּעֲבֹדָה קַשָּׁה, בְּחֹמֶר וּבִלְבֵנִים, וּבְכָל עֲבֹדָה בַּשָּׂדָה, אֵת כָּל עֲבֹדָתם, אֲשֶׁר עָבְדוּ בָהֶם בְּפָּרֶךְ.״

״וַנִּצְעַק אֶל־ה' אֱלֹהֵי אֲבֹתֵינוּ, וַיִּשְׁמַע ה' אֶת־קֹלֵנוּ, וַיַּרָא אֶת־עַנְיֵנוּ וָאֶת עֲמַלְנוּ וָאֶת לַחַצֵנוּ.״

״וַנִּצְעַק אֶל־ה' אֱלֹהֵי אֲבֹתֵינוּ״ – כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֲמַר: ״וַיְהִי בַיָּמִים הָרַבִּים הָהֵם וַיָּמָת מֶלֶךְ מִצְרַיִם, וַיֵּאָנְחוּ בְנֵי־ יִשְׂרָאֵל מִ־הָעֲבוֹדָה וַיִּזְעָקוּ, וַתַּעַל שׁוְעָתָם אֶל־ הָאֱלֹהִים מִן הָעֲבֹדָה.״

״וַיִּשְׁמַע ה' אֶת קלֵנוּ״ - כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: ״וַיִּשְׁמַע אֱלֹהִים אֶת־נַאֲקָתָם, וַיִּזְכֹּר אֱלֹהִים אֶת־בְּרִיתוֹ אֶת־אַבְרָהָם, אֵת־יִצְחַק וָאֵת־יַעֵּקֹב״.

״וַיַּרָא אֶת־עָנְיֵנוּ״ - זוֹ פְּרִישׁוּת דֶּרֶךְּ אֶרֶץ, כְּמְה שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר: ״וַיַּרָא אֱלֹהִים אֶת בְּנֵי־יִשְׂרָאֵל וַיֵּדַע אֱלֹהִים.״ ״וְאֶת־עְמָלְנוּ״ - אָלוּ הַבָּנִים. כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר: ״כָּל־הַבֵּן הַיִּלוֹד הַיְאֹרָה תַּשְׁלִיכָהוּ וְכָל־הַבַּת תְּחֵיּוּן.״

״וְאֶת לַחָצֵנוּ״ - זֶו הַדְּחַק, כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: ״וְגַם־רָאִיתִי אֵת־הַלַּחַץ אֲשֶׁר מִצְרַיִם לֹחַצִים אֹתַם.״ וינצאנו "The L-rd took as out of Egypt with a strong hand and an outstretched arm, and with a great manifestation, and with signs and wonders."

רוצאנו "The L-rd took us out of Egypt," not through an angel, not through a seraph and not through a messenger. The Holy One, blessed be He, did it in His glory by Himself! As it is said: "In that night I will pass through the land of Egypt, and I will smite every first-born in the land of Egypt, from man to beast, and I will carry out judgments against all the gods of Egypt, I the L-rd."

ועברתי "I will pass through the land of Egypt," I and not an angel; "And I will smite every first-born in the land of Egypt," I and not a seraph; "And I will carry out judgments against all the gods of Egypt," I and not a messenger; "I- the L-rd," it is I, and none other!

"With a strong hand," this refers to the Dever (pestilence) as it is said: "Behold, the hand of the L- rd will be upon your livestock in the field, upon the horses, the donkeys, the camels, the herds and the flocks, a very severe pestilence."

"And with an outstretched arm," this refers to the sword, as it is said: "His sword was drawn, in his hand, stretched out over Jerusalem."

"And with a great manifestation," this refers to the revelation of the Shechinah (Divine Presence), as it is said: "Has any G-d ever tried to take for himself a nation from the midst of another nation, with trials, signs and wonders, with war and with a strong hand and an outstretched arm, and with great manifestations, like all

that the L-rd your G-d, did for you in Egypt before your eyes!"

ובאחות "And with signs," this refers to the staff, as it is said: "Take into your hand this staff with which you shall perform the signs."

"And wonders," this refers to the blood, as it is said: "And I shall show wonders in heaven and on earth."

When saying the words "Blood", "Fire", and "Pillars of Smoke", spill three times from the grape juice in the cup. Do not remove the grape juice by dipping a finger, but by spilling from the cup itself, and do so into a broken or chipped dish.

דם Blood, and fire, and pillars of smoke.

דבר Another explanation: "Strong hand" indicates two [plagues]; "Outstretched arm," another two; "Great manifestation," another two; "Signs," another two; and "Wonders," another two.

אלו These are the Ten Plagues which the Holy One, blessed be He, brought upon the Egyptians, namely as follows:

<u>״נַיּוֹצָאֵנּ</u>וּ ה' מִמִצְרַיִם בְּיָד חֲזָקָה, וּבִזְרֹעַ נְטוּיָה, וּבְמֹרָא גָּדֹל, וּבָאֹתוֹת וּבִמֹפָתִים.״

״וַיּוֹצָאֵנוּ יי מִמָּצְרַיִם״ - לֹא עַל־יְדֵי מַלְאָדּ, וְלֹא עַל־יְדֵי שָׁלָים, אֶלָּא הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא בִּכְבוֹדוֹ שָׁרָף, וְלֹא עַל־יְדֵי שָׁלִים, אֶלָּא הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּדְ הוּא בִּכְבוֹדוֹ וּבְעַצְמוֹ. שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: ״וְעָבַרְתִּי בְאֶרֶץ מִצְרִיִם בַּלֹיְלָה הַזֶּה, וְהִכֵּיתִי כָּל־בְּכוֹר בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרִים מֵאָדָם וְעַד בְּהֵמָה, וּבְכֶל אֱלֹהֵי מִצְרַיִם אֶעֱשֶׂה שְׁפָטִים. אֲנִי יי.״

״וְעָבַרְתִּי בְאֶרֶץ מִצְרַיִם בַּלֹיְלָה הַזֶּה״ – אֲנִי וְלֹא מַלְאָדְ;
״וְהָבֵּיתִי כָל בְּכוֹר בְּאֶרֶץ מִצְרִים״ - אֲנִי וְלֹא שַּׁרָף; ״וּבְכָל־
אֱלֹהֵי מִצְרַיִם אֶצֱשֶׂה שְׁפָּטִים״ - אֲנִי וְלֹא הַשְּׁלִים; אֲנִי הּ'.
אֵנִי הוּא וְלֹא אַחַר.

״בְּיָד חֲזָקָה״ - זוֹ הַדֶּבֶר, כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֶמַר: ״הַנֵּה יַד־ה' הוֹיָה בְּמִקְנְךְּ אֲשֶׁר בַּשָּׂדָה, בַּסוּסִים, בַּחֲמֹרִים, בַּגְּמַלִּים, בַּבָּקָר וּבַצאו, דֵּבֵר כַּבֵד מָאֹד.״

״וּבְזְרֹעַ נְטוּיָה״ - זוֹ הַחֶּרֶב, כְּמָה שֶׁנָּאֱמֵר: ״וְחַרְבּוֹ שְׁלוּפָה בְּיָדוֹ, נְטוּיָה עַל־יְרוּשָׁלָיִם.״

״וּבְמוֹרָא גָּדֹל״ - זוֹ גּלּוּי שְׁכִינָה. כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר, ״אוֹ הֲנָסָּה אֱלְהִים לָבוֹא לָקַחַת לוֹ גוֹי מָקֶרֶב גוֹי בְּמַסֹת בְּאֹתֹת אֱלֹהִים לָבוֹא לָקַחַת לוֹ גוֹי מָקֶרֶב גוֹי בְּמַסֹת בְּאֹתֹת וּבְמוֹרָאִים וּבְמוֹרְאִים וּבְמִלְחָמָה וּבְיָד חָזָקָה וּבִזְרוֹעַ נְטוּיָה וּבְמוֹרָאִים גְּדֹלִים כְּכֹל אֲשֶׁר־עַשָּׁה לָכֶם ה' אֱלֹהֵיכֶם בְּמִצְרִיִם לְעֵינֶיךְּ.״ ״וּבְאֹתוֹת״ - זֶה הַמַּטֶּה, כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמַר: ״וְאֶת הַמַּטֶּה הַזָּה תִּקְּח בְּיַדְּ, אֱשֶׁר תַּעֲשֶׂה־בּוֹ אֵת הָאֹתוֹת.״

״וּבְמֹפְתִים״ - זָה הַדָּם, כְּמָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: ״וְנָתַתִּי מוֹפְתִים בַּשַּׁמֵיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.״

ַרָם וָאֵשׁ וְתִימְרוֹת עָשָׁן.

דָבָר אַחֵר: בְּיָד חֲזָקָה שְׁתַּיִם, וּבְזְרֹעַ נְטוּיָה שְׁתַּיִם, וּבְלֹרְעַ נְטוּיָה שְׁתַּיִם, וּבְמֹרָת – שְׁתַּיִם, וּבְמֹּפְתִים – שְׁתַּיִם, וּבְמֹפְתִים – שְׁתַּיִם. שָׁתַּיִם.

אַלּוּ עֶשֶׂר מַכּּוֹת שֶׁהֵבִיא הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא עַל־הַמָּצְרִים בְּמִצְרִיִם, וָאֵלּר הַן:

When saying the names of the ten plagues, spill from the cup itself ten times, as stated above. The wine remaining in the cup is not to be spilled, but other wine is added to it [to refill the cup].

דם Blood; Frogs; Lice; Wild Beasts; Pestilence; Boils; Hail; Locust; Darkness; Slaying of the first-born.

דָם; צְפַרְדַעַ; כָּנִים; עָרוֹב; דֶּבֶר; שְׁחִין; בָּרָדֹ; אַרְבֶּה; חֹשֶׁדְ; מכּת בּכוֹרוֹת. רבי Rabbi Yehudah referred to them by acronyms: DeTzaCh (blood, frogs, lice); ADaSh (beasts, pestilence, boils); BeAChaV (hail, locust, darkness, first-born).

ָרַבִּי יָהוּדָה הַיָה נוֹתֵן בָּהֶם סְמַנִים: דְצַ"ךְ עַדַ"שׁ בִּאַחַ"ב.

רבי Rabbi Yosi the Gallilean said: How do you know that the Egyptians were stricken by ten plagues in Egypt, and then were struck by fifty plagues at the sea? In Egypt it says of them, "The magicians said to Pharaoh `This is the finger of G-d.' At the sea it says, "Israel saw the great hand that the L-rd laid against Egypt; and the people feared the L-rd, and they believed in the L-rd and in His servant Moses." Now, how often were they smitten by 'the finger'? Ten plagues! Thus, you must conclude that in Egypt they were smitten by ten plagues, at the sea they were smitten by fifty plagues!

רַבִּי יוֹסֵי הַגָּלִילִי אוֹמֵר: מְנַיָן אַתַּה אוֹמֵר שׁלָקוּ הַמְּצְרִים פָּמִצְרַיִם עֵשֶׂר מַכּוֹת וְעַל הַיַּם לַקוּ חַמִּשִּׁים מַכּוֹת? בָּמִצְרַיִם מַה הוּא אוֹמֵר? נִיּאמְרוּ הַחַּרְטַמִּם אֶל פַּרְעה: אָצְבַע אֱלֹהִים הָוֹא, וְעַל הַיָּם מָה הוּא אוֹמֶר? וַיַּרָא יִשְׂרָאֵל אֵת־הַיַּד הַגִּדֹלָה אֲשֶׁר עֲשַׂה ה' בִּמְצְרַיִם, וַיִּירְאוּ הַעָם אֵת־ה', וַיַּאֲמִינוּ בַּיי וּבִמשֶׁה עַבְדוֹ. כַּמַה לַקוּ בָאֶצָבַּע? עֵשֶׂר מַכּוֹת. אֱמוֹר מֵעַתַּה: בִּמְצָרֵים לַקוּ עֲשֶׂר מַכּוֹת וַעֲל הַיַּם לַקוּ חַמְשִׁים מַכּוֹת.

רבי Rabbi Eliezer said: How do we know that each individual plague which the Holy One, blessed be He, brought upon the Egyptians in Egypt consisted of four plagues? For it is said: "He sent against them His fierce anger, fury, and indignation, and trouble, a discharge of messengers of evil": 'Fury,' is one; 'Indignation,' makes two; 'Trouble,' makes three; 'Discharge of messengers of evil,' makes four. Thus, you must now say that in Egypt they were struck by forty plagues, and at the sea they were stricken by two hundred plagues.

רַבִּי אֵלִיעַזַר אוֹמֵר: מִנַּיִן שֶׁכָּל־מַכָּה וּמַכָּה שֶׁהֶבִיא הַקָּדוֹשׁ בַּרוּךְ הוּא עַל הַמָּצִרִים בִּמָצְרַיִם הַיִּתָה שֶׁל אַרְכַּע מַכּוֹת? שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: יְשׁלַּח־בָּם חַרוֹן אַפּוֹ, עֶבְרָה וַזַעַם (צַרַה, מִשְׁלָחַת מַלְאֵכֵי רַעִים. עַבְרַה – אַחַת, וַזַעַם – שָׁתַּיִם, וָצַרָה – שַׁלשׁ, מִשָּׁלַחַת מַלְאֵבֶי רַעִים – אַרְבַּע. אֱמוֹר מֶעַתַּה: בִּמִצְרַיִם לַקוּ אַרְבַּעִים מַכּוֹת וְעַל הַיַם לַקוּ מַאתַיִם מַכּוֹת.

רבי Rabbi Akiva said: How do we know that each individual plague which the Holy One, blessed be He, brought upon the Egyptians in Egypt consisted of five plagues? For it is said: "He sent against them his fierce anger, fury, and indignation, and trouble, a discharge of messengers of evil": "His fierce anger," is one; "fury," makes two; "indignation," makes three; "trouble," makes four; "discharge of messengers of evil," makes five. Thus, you must now say that in Egypt they were struck by fifty plagues, and at the sea they were stricken by two hundred and fifty plagues.

רַבִּי עַקִיבָא אוֹמֵר: מִנַּיִן שֶׁכֶּל־מַכָּה וּמַכָּה שֶׁהָבִיא הַקּדוֹשׁ בַּרוּךְ הוּא עַל הַמִּצְרִים בִּמִצְרַיִם הַיָּתַה שֶׁל חַמֶשׁ מַכּוֹת? שֶׁנָאֱמֶר: יֵשַׁלַּח־בָּם חַרוֹן אַפּוֹ, עָבְרָה וַזַעַם וָצַרַה, מִשָּׁלַחַת מַלְאָכֵי רַעִים. חַרוֹן אַפּוֹ – אַחַת, עַבְרַה עָרָבַע, מְשָׁלְחַת – שָׁלוֹשׁ, וְצַרַה – אַרָבַע, מְשָׁלְחַת – שָׁלוֹשׁ, וְצַרַה – אַרָבַע, מַלְאָכֵי רַעִים – חַמֵשׁ. אֱמוֹר מֵעַתַּה: בִּמְצְרַיִם לַקוּ חָמִשִּׁים מַכּות וְעַל הַיַּם לַקוּ חָמִשִּׁים וּמַאתַיִם מַכּות.

למה How many levels of favors has the Omnipresent One bestowed upon us:

אלו If He had brought us out from Egypt, and had not

carried out judgments against them Dayenu (it would have sufficed us)!

אלו If He had carried out judgments against them, and not against their idols Dayenu!

אלו If He had destroyed their idols, and had not smitten their first-born Dayenu!

אלו If He had smitten their first-born, and had not given us their wealth Dayenu!

כַּמה מַעַלוֹת טוֹבוֹת לַמּקוֹם עלֵינוּ! אָלוּ הוֹצִיאָנוּ מִמְצָרַיִם וַלֹא עֲשַׂה בָהֵם שִׁפַּטִים, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ עַשַׂה בָהֵם שָׁפַטִים, וַלֹא עַשַׂה בֵאלהֵיהֵם, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ עַשַׂה בָאלֹהֶיהֶם, וְלֹא הָרַג אֶת־בָּכוֹרֵיהֶם, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ הַרָג אַת־בָּכוֹרֵיהֶם וְלֹא נַתַן לְנוּ אֵת־מַמוֹנַם, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ נַתַן לַנוּ אֵת־מַמוֹנָם וְלֹא קַרַע לַנוּ אֵת־הַיַּם, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ קַרַע לַנוּ אֶת־הַיַּם וְלֹא הֶעֲבִירָנוּ בָּתוֹכוֹ בַּחַרַבָה, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ הֶעֶבִירַנוּ בָּתוֹכוֹ בֶּחַרַבָה וָלֹא שָׁקֶע צַרֵנוּ בִּתוֹכוֹ דַיֵּנוּ.

אלן If He had drowned our oppressors in it, and had not supplied our needs in the desert for forty years Dayenu! אלו He had supplied our needs in the desert for forty years, and had not fed us the manna Dayenu!

אלו If He had fed us the manna, and had not given us the Shabbat Dayenu!

אלו If He had given us the Shabbat, and had not brought us before Mount Sinai Dayenu!

אלו If He had brought us before Mount Sinai, and had not given us the Torah Dayenu!

אלו If He had given us the Torah, and had not brought us into the land of Israel Dayenu!

אלו If He had brought us into the land of Israel, and had not built for us the Beit Habechirah (the Holy Temple) Dayenu!

על Thus how much more so should we be grateful to the Omnipresent One for the doubled and redoubled goodness that He has bestowed upon us; for He has brought us out of Egypt, and carried out judgments against them, and against their idols, and smote their first-born, and gave us their wealth, and split the sea for us, and took us through it on dry land, and drowned our oppressors in it, and supplied our needs in the desert for forty years, and fed us the manna, and gave us the Shabbat, and brought us before Mount Sinai, and gave us the Torah, and brought us into the land of Israel and built for us the Beit Habechirah (Holy Temple) to atone for all our sins.

רבן Rabbi Gamliel used to say: Whoever does not discuss the following three things on Passover has not fulfilled his duty, namely: Passover (the Passover sacrifice), Matzah (the unleavened bread) and Maror (the bitter herbs).

Passover - the Passover-lamb that our fathers ate during the time of the Beit Hamikdash (Holy Temple) - for what reason [did they do so]? Because the Omnipresent passed over our fathers' houses in Egypt, as it is said: "You shall say, it is a Passover-offering to the L-rd, because He passed over the houses of the children of Israel in Egypt when He struck the Egyptians with a plague, and He saved our houses. And the people bowed and prostrated themselves."

Take the broken Matzah into your hand and say:

This Matzah that we eat for what reason? Because the dough of our fathers did not have time to become leavened before the King of the kings, the Holy One, blessed be He, revealed Himself to them and redeemed them. Thus, it is said: "They baked Matzah-cakes from the dough that they had brought out of Egypt, because it was not leavened; for they had been driven out of Egypt and could not delay, and they had also not prepared any [other] provisions."

<mark>אָלוּ שָׁק</mark>ַע צָרֵנוּ בְּתוֹכוֹ וְלֹא סְפֵּק צֶרְכֵּנוּ בַּמִדְבָּר אַרְבָּעִים שַׁנַה דַּיֵנוּ.

אָלוּ סְפֵּק צָרְכֵנוּ בְּמִדְבָּר אַרְבָּעִים שָׁנָה וְלֹא הֶאֶכִילָנוּ אֶת־ הַמַּן דַּיֵנוּ.

אָלוּ הָאֶכִילָנוּ אֶת־הַמֶּן וְלֹא נָתַן לָנוּ אֶת־הַשַּׁבָּת, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ נָתַן לָנוּ אֶת־הַשַּׁבָּת, וְלֹא קַרְבָנוּ לֹפְנֵי הֵר סִינֵי, דַיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ קַרְבָנוּ לִפְנֵי הֵר סִינֵי, וְלֹא נָתַן לָנוּ אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה. דַּיֵּנוּ. אָלוּ נָתַן לָנוּ אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה וְלֹא הִכְנִיסְנוּ לְאֶרֶץ יִשְׂרָאֵל, דַיֵּנוּ.

אָלּוּ הָכְנִיסָנוּ לְאֶרֶץ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְלֹא בָנָה לָנוּ אֶת־בֵּית הַבָּחִירַה דַּיֵּנוּ.

עַל אַחַת, כַּמָה וְכַּמָה, טוֹכָה כְפוּלָה וּמְכַפֶּלֶת לַמָּקוֹם עָלִינוּ: שָׁהוֹצִיאָנוּ מִמִּצְרִים, וְעָשָׂה בָהֶם שְׁפָטִים, וְעָשָׂה בָאֹלהֵיהֶם, וְהָרֵג אֶת־בְּכוֹרֵיהֶם, וְנָתַן לְנוּ אֶת־מְּלוֹנָם, וְקְרֵע לְנוּ אֶת־הַיָּם, וְהָעֱבִירָנוּ בְּתוֹכוֹ בָּחָרָבָה, מְמֹוֹנָם, וְקְרֵע לְנוּ אֶת־הַיָּם, וְהָעֱבִירָנוּ בְּתוֹכוֹ בָּחָרָבָה, וְשָׁקֵע צָרֵנוּ בְּתוֹכוֹ, וְסִפֵּק צָרְכֵּנוּ בַּמִּדְבָּר אַרְבָּעִים שָׁנָה, וְהָאֶכִילְנוּ אֶת־הַמָּן, וְנָתַן לְנוּ אֶת־הַמּוֹרָה, וְהַכְנִיסְנוּ וְקַרְבָנוּ לְפִנּי הַר סִינִי, וְנָתַן לְנוּ אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה, וְהַכְנִיסְנוּ לְצִוּ אֶת־בֵּית הַבְּחִירָה לְכַפֵּר עַל־כְּכֵּר עַל־בִּירֹנוֹת.ינוּ.

רַבָּן גַּמְלִיאֵל הָיָה אוֹמֵר: כָּל שֶׁלֹּא אָמַר שְׁלֹשָׁה דְּבָרִים אַלּוּ בַּפֶּסָח, לֹא יָצָא יְדֵי חוֹבָתוֹ, וְאֵלּוּ הֵן: כָּסָח, מַצָּה, וּמָרוֹר.

פֶּסַח שֶׁהָיוּ אֲבוֹתֵינוּ אוֹכְלִים בִּזְמַן שֶׁבֵּית הַמִּקְדָּשׁ הָיָה קיָם, עַל שׁוּם מָה? עַל שׁוּם שֶׁפָּסַח הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא עַל בָּתֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ בְּמִצְרַיִם, שֶׁנָּאֱמֵר: וַאֲמַרְתֶּם זֶבַח פֶּסַח הוּא לֵיי, אֲשֶׁר פָּסַח עַל בָּתֵי בְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּמִצְרַיִם בְּנָגְפּוֹ אֶת־מִצְרַיִם, וָאֶת־בָּתֵינוּ הִצִּיל וַיִּקֹד הָעָם וַיִּשְׁתַחווּ.

מַצָּה זוֹ שֶׁאָנוֹ אוֹכְלִים, עַל שׁוּם מַה? עַל שׁוּם שֶׁלֹּא הִסְפִּיק בְּצֵקֶם שֶׁל אֲבוֹתֵינוּ לְהַחֲמִיץ עַד שֻׁנְּגְלָה עֲלֵיהֶם מֶלֶךְ מַלְכֵי הַמְּלְכִים, הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא, וּגְאָלָם, שֻׁנָּאֱמֵר: וַיֹּאפוּ אֶת הַבָּצֵק אֲשֶׁר הוֹצִיאוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם עֻגֹת מַצּוֹת, כִּי לֹא חָמֵץ, כִּי גֹרְשׁוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם וְלֹא יָכְלוּ לְהָתְמַהְמֵהָ, וְגַם צֵּדָה לֹא עֲשׁוּ לַהֵם. Put down the Matzah, take the Maror into your hand, and say:

This maror that we eat for what reason? Because the Egyptians embittered our fathers' lives in Egypt, as it is said: "They made their lives bitter with hard service, with mortar and with bricks, and with all manner of service in the field; all their service which they made them serve with rigor."

<mark>מָרוֹר</mark> זֶה שֶׁאָנוּ אוֹכְלִים, עַל שׁוּם מַה? עַל שׁוּם שֶׁמֵּרְרוּ הַמִּצְרִים אֶת־חַיֵּי אֲבוֹתִינוּ בְּמִצְרַיִם, שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: וַיְמָרְרוּ אֶת חַיֵּיהם בַּעֲבֹדָה קַשָּה, בְּחֹמֶר וּבִלְבַנִים וּבְכָל־עֲבֹדָה בַּשָּׂדָה אֶת כָּל עֲבֹדָתָם אֲשֶׁר עָבְדוּ בָהֶם בְּפָּרֶךְ.

Put down the Maror.

In every generation a person is obligated to regard himself as if he had come out of Egypt, as it is said: "You shall tell your child on that day, it is because of this that the L-rd did for me when I left Egypt." The Holy One, blessed be He, redeemed not only our fathers from Egypt, but He redeemed also us with them, as it is said: "It was us that He brought out from there, so that He might bring us to give us the land that He swore to our fathers."

בְּכָל־דּוֹר וָדוֹר חַיָּב אָדָם לְרְאוֹת אֶת־עַצְמוֹ כְּאִלּוּ הוּא יָצָא מָמִצְרַיִם, שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וְהִגַּדְתָּ לְבִנְךְּ בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמֹר, מִמְצְרַיִם, שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וְהִגַּדְתָּ לְבִנְךְּ בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא לֵאמֹר, בַּעֲבוּר זָה עֲשָׂה ה' לִי בְּצֵאתִי מִמְצְרַיִם. לֹא אֶת־אֲבוֹתִינוּ בַּלְבָד גָּאַל הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ הוּא, אֶלָּא אַף אוֹתָנוּ גָּאַל עִמְּהֶם, שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר: וְאוֹתָנוּ הוֹצִיא מִשְׁם, לְמַעַן הָבִיא אוֹתָנוּ, לָתֶת לְנֵּוֹ אֶת־הָאָרֶץ אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַע לַאֲבֹתֵינוּ.

Hallel - הַלֵּל

Cover the Matzah and pick up the cup of grape juice. Hold the grape juice until the completion of the blessing "Who Redeemed Israel", on the next page.

לפיכך Thus, it is our duty to thank, to laud, to praise, to glorify, to exalt, to adore, to bless, to elevate and to honor the One who did all these miracles for our fathers and for us. He took us from slavery to freedom, from sorrow to joy, and from mourning to festivity, and from deep darkness to great light and from bondage to redemption. Let us therefore recite before Him: Halleluyah!

לְפִיכָּךְ אֲנַחְנוּ חַיָּבִים לְהוֹדוֹת, לְהַלֵּל, לְשַׁבֵּחַ, לְפָּאֵר, לְפִיכָּךְ אֲנַחְנוּ חַיָּבִים לְהוֹדוֹת, לְהַלֵּל לְמִי שֶׁעָשָׁה לְאֲבוֹתֵינוּ לְרוֹמֵם, לְהַדֵּר, לְבָרַךְ, לְעֵלֵה וּלְקֵלֶס לְמִי שֶׁעָשָׁה לְאֲבוֹת מְיָגוֹן וְלָנוּ אֶת־כָּל־הַנָּסִים הָאֵלוּ: הוֹצִיאָנוּ מֵעַבְדוּת לְחֵרוּת מִיְגוֹן לְעַבְּוּד לְשִׁמְחָה, וּמֵאַבֶּל לְיוֹם טוֹב, וּמֵאָפֵלָה לְאוֹר גָּדוֹל, וּמִשִּׁעְבּוּד לְגְאֻלָּה. וְנֹאִמֵּר לְפָנָיו שִׁירָה חֲדָשָׁה: הַלְלוּיָה.

Halleluyah! Offer praise, you servants of the L-rd; praise the Name of the L-rd. May the L-rd's Name be blessed from now and to all eternity. From the rising of the sun to its setting, the L-rd's Name is praised. The L-rd is high above all nations, His glory is over the heavens. Who is like the L-rd, our G-d, who dwells on high yet looks down so low upon heaven and earth! He raises the poor from the dust, He lifts the needy from the dunghill, to seat them with nobles, with the nobles of His people. He restores the barren woman to the house, into a joyful mother of children. Halleluyah!

הַלְלוּיָה הַלְלוּ עַבְדֵי ה', הַלְלוּ אֶת־שֵׁם ה'. יְהִי שֵׁם ה' מְבֹרָךְ מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם. מִמְּזְרַח שֶׁמֶשׁ עַד מְבוֹאוֹ מְהֻלָּל שָׁם ה'. רָם עַל־כָּל־גּוֹיִם ה', עַל הַשָּׁמֵיִם כְּבוֹדוֹ. מִי כֵּיי שֵׁם ה'. רָם עַל־כָּל־גּוֹיִם ה', עַל הַשָּמַיִם כְּבוֹדוֹ. מִי כַּיִּשְׁמִיִם אֱלֹהֵינוּ הַמַּגְבִּיהִי לָשָׁבֶת, הַמַּשְׁפִּילִי לִרְאוֹת בַּשָּׁמִיִם וּבָאָרֶץ? מְקִימִי מֵעָפָר דָּל, מֵאַשְׁפֹּת יָרִים אֶבְיוֹן, לְהוֹשִׁיבִי עִם־נְדִיבִים, עִם נְדִיבֵי עַמוֹ. מוֹשִׁיבִי עֲקֶרֶת הַבַּיִת, אֵם הַבָּנִים שְׂמָחָה. הַלְלוּיָה.

שנים When Israel went out of Egypt, the House of Jacob from a people of a foreign language, Judah became His holy one, Israel His dominion. The sea saw and fled; the Jordan turned backward. The mountains skipped like rams, the hills like young sheep. What is with you, O sea, that you flee; Jordan, that you turn backward? Mountains, why do you skip like rams; you hills, like young sheep? From before the Master, Who created the earth, from before the G-d of Jacob, Who transforms the rock into a pond of water, the flint into a fountain of water.

בְּצֵאת יִשְׂרָאֵל מָמָצְרִים, בֵּית יַעֲקֹב מֵעַם לעז, הָיְתָה יְהוּדָה לְּקְדְשׁוֹ, יִשְׂרָאֵל מַמְשְׁלוֹתִיו. הַיָּם רָאָה וַיַּנֹס, הַיַּרְדֵּן יִשְׂרָאֵל מַמְשְׁלוֹתִיו. הַיָּם רָאָה וַיַּנֹס, הַיַּרְדֵּן יִּסְּב לְאָחוֹר. הָהָרִים רְקְדוּ לְאֵילִים, גְּבְעוֹת כִּבְנֵי צֹאֹן. מַה לְּךָּהוֹר, הָהָרִים – תִּרְקְדוּ לְּבִילִים, גְּבַעוֹת כִּבְנִי־צֹאֹן. מִלְפְנֵי אָדוֹן חוּלִי אָרֶץ, מִלְפְנֵי לְצוֹת יַעֲלְב. הַהֹפְּכִי הַצוּר אָגַם־מִיִם, חַלְּמִיש לְמַעִינוֹר מָנִם.

Raise the cup of grape juice, and hold it while reciting the following blessing. On Saturday night, continue in the shaded area below.

Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who has redeemed us and redeemed our fathers from Egypt, and enabled us to attain this night to eat matzah and Maror. So too, G-d, our G-d and G-d of our fathers, enable us to attain other holidays and festivals that will come to us in peace with happiness in the rebuilding of Your city, and with rejoicing in Your service [in the Bet Hamikdash]. Then we shall eat of the sacrifices and of the Passover- offerings whose blood shall be sprinkled on the wall of Your altar for acceptance; and we shall thank You with a new song for our redemption and for the deliverance of our souls. Blessed are You, G-d, who redeemed Israel.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר גְּאָלָנוּ וְגָאֵל אֶת־אֲבוֹתִינוּ מִמְצְרַיִם, וְהִגִּיעָנוּ הַלַּיְלָה הַזָּה לֶאֱכֶל־בּוֹ מֻבְּוֹתִינוּ מִמְצְרַיִם, וְהִגִּיעָנוּ הַלַּיְלָה הַזָּה לֶאֱכֶל־בּוֹ מַצְּה וּמְרוֹר. כֵּן יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ יַנִּיעֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם, לְמוֹעֲדִים וְלֹרְגָלִים אֲחַרִים הַבָּאִים לִקְרָאתֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם, שְׁמַחִים בְּבְנִין עִירֶךְ וְשִׁשִׁים בַּעֲבוֹדְתֶךְ. וְנֹאכֵל שָׁם מִן הַוְּכָחִים וְּמִשְׁר יַגִּיעַ דְּמָם עַל קִיר מִוְבַּחַךְּ הַיִּכְחִים וְמִן הַפְּסָחִים אֲשֶׁר יַגִּיעַ דְּמָם עַל קִיר מִוְבַּחְדְּ לְרָצוֹן, וְנוֹדֶה לְּךְ שִׁיר חָדָש עַל גְּאֻלְּתֵנוּ וְעַל פְּדוּת נַּפְשֵׁנוּ. בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יִי, גַּאַל יִשֹׂרָאֵל.

On Saturday night continue.

Blessed are You, G-d, our G-d, King of the universe, who has redeemed us and redeemed our fathers from Egypt, and enabled us to attain this night to eat matzah and Maror. So too, G-d, our G-d and G-d of our fathers, enable us to attain other holidays and festivals that will come to us in peace with happiness in the rebuilding of Your city, and with rejoicing in Your service [in the Bet Hamikdash]. Then we shall eat of the Passover-offerings and of the sacrafices whose blood shall be sprinkled on the wall of Your altar for acceptance; and we shall thank You with a new song for our redemption and for the deliverance of our souls. Blessed are You, G-d, who redeemed Israel.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלֶם, אֲשֶׁר גְּאָלָנוּ וְגָאַל אֶת־אֲבוֹתִינוּ מִמִּצְרַיִם, וְהִגִּיעָנוּ הַלַּיְלָה הַזֶּה לֵאֱכֶל־בּוֹ מַבְּצְרִים, וְהִגִּיעָנוּ הַלַּיְלָה הַזֶּה לֵאֱכֶל־בּוֹ מַצְּה וּמָרוֹר. כֵּן יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ יַגִּיעֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם, לְמוֹעֲדִים וְלֹרְגָלִים אֲחֵרִים הַבָּאִים לְקְרָאתֵנוּ לְשָׁלוֹם, שְׁמִחִים בְּבְנֵן עִירֶךְ וְשָׁשִׁים בַּעֲבוֹדָתֶךְ. וְנֹאכַל שָׁם מִן שַׁמְחִים וּמִן הַוְּבָחִים אֲשֶׁר יַגִּיעַ דָּמָם עַל קִיר מִוְבַּחָךְ הַפְּסְחִים וּמִן הַוְּבָחִים אֲשֶׁר יַגִּיעַ דָּמָם עַל קִיר מִוְבַּחָךְ לְרַצוֹן, וְנוֹדֶה לְךְ שִׁיר חָדָש עַל גְּאַלָּתֵנוּ וְעַל פְּדוּת נְפִשׁנוּ. בּרוּךְ אִתּה יִי, גּאַל יִשֹׂרְאֵל.

Drink the cup while reclining to the left.

דְחְצָה - Rachtzah

Now the hands are washed ritually (three times on the right hand, then three times on the left hand). After washing the hands, the following blessing is recited. One should not speak until one finished eating the Matzah.

Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who has sanctified us with His commandments and commanded us concerning the washing of the hands.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר קְדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיו וְצִוָּנוּ עַל נְטִילִת יָדִים.

Motzi - Matzah - מוֹצִיא מַצָּה

Take the Matzot in the order they are lying on the tray – the broken pieces between the two whole Matzot; hold them in your hands and recite the following blessings.

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the ברוך אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם הַמּוֹצִיא לֶחֶם מִן הָאָרֶץ. Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who brings forth bread from the earth.

Do not break the Matzot. First put down the third Matza (the bottom one) and recite the following blessing over the broken Matza and the top one.

When reciting the following blessing, have in mind that it refers also to the eating of the "Sandwich" of Korech - which will be made with the third Matza - and the eating of the Afikoman.

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who has sanctified us with His commandments and commanded us concerning the eating of Matzah.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, אֲשֶׁר קְדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיו וְצִוָּנוּ עַל אַכִילַת מַצָּה.

Now break off a Kezayit (the volume of one olive) of the two Matzot held, and eat the 2 pieces together while reclining to the left.

Maror - מְרוֹר

Take a kezayit (the volume of one olive) of the Maror, dip it into the Charoset — but then shake off the Charoset that stuck to it, so that the bitter taste will not be neutralized. Recite the following blessing:

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who has sanctified us with His commandments and commanded us concerning the eating of Maror.

בָּרוּף אַתָּה ה', אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶף הָעוֹלֶם, אֲשֶׁר קִּדְשָנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתִיוּ וְצִוָּנוּ עַל אֲכִילַת מָרוֹר.

Eat the Maror without reclining.

Korech - בוֹרֵך

Take the third Matzah, and a kezayit (the volume of one olive) of the Chazeret - which is to be dipped into Charoset. Combine the two [like a sandwich], and say the following:

Thus did Hilel at the time that the Beit HaMikdash (the Holy Temple) stood: He would combine Passover-lamb, Matzah and Maror and eat them together, as it said: "They shall eat it with Matzah and bitter herbs."

בֵּן עָשָׂה הַלֵּל בִּזְמַן שֶׁבֵּית הַמִּקְדָּשׁ הָיָה קּיָם: הָיָה כּוֹרֵדְ מַצָּה וּמָרוֹר וְאוֹכֵל בְּיַחַד, כְּמוֹ שֶׁנָּאֱמַר: עַל מַצּוֹת וּמְרוֹרִים יֹאֹכְלָהוּ.

Shulchan Orech - שֵׁלְחָן עוֹבֵך

Now eat and drink to your heart's delight. It is permitted to drink grape juice between the second and third cups.

Tzafun - Pioy

After the meal, take the Afikoman and divide it among all the members of the household, by giving everyone a kezayit (the volume of one olive). Take care to eat it before midnight, and to not eat or drink (water is allowed, but not recommended) after eating the Afikoman. It is to be eaten while reclining to the left.

Berach - בֵרַך

The third cup is now poured, and the Birkat Hamazon (Blessing after the Meal) recited over it.

שיר A Song of Ascents. When the L-rd will return the exiles of Zion, we will have been like dreamers. Then our mouth will be filled with laughter, and our tongue with joyous song. Then will they say among the nations, "The L-rd has done great things for these." The L-rd has done great things for us, we were joyful. L-rd, return our exiles as streams in the Negev. Those who sow in tears will reap with joyous song. He goes along weeping, carrying the bag of seed; he will surely come [back] with joyous song, carrying his sheaves.

שִׁיר הַפַּעֲלוֹת, בְּשוּב ה' אֶת שִׁיבַת צִיּוֹן הָיִינוּ כְּחֹלְמִים: אָז יִמְלֵא שְׁחוֹק פִּינוּ וּלְשׁוֹנֵנוּ רְנָּה: אָז יֹאמְרוּ בַגּוֹיִם: הְגְדִּיל ה' לַעֲשׁוֹת עִם אֵלֶה: הְגְדִּיל ה' לַעֲשׁוֹת עִפְּנוּ, הָיִינוּ שְׁמַחִים: שׁוּבָה ה' אֶת שְׁבִיתֵנוּ כַּאֲפִיקִים בַּנֶּגֶב: הַוֹּרְעִים בְּדָמְעָה, בְּרְנָּה יִקְצֹרוּ: הָלוֹךְ יֵלֵךְ וּבָכֹה נִשֵׂא מֶשֶׁךְ הַזְּרַע, בֹּא יָבֹא בְרְנָּה נִשֵׂא אֲלֻמֹּתִיו:

לכני A Psalm by the sons of Korach, a song whose foundation is in the holy mountains. The L-rd loves the gates of Zion more than all the dwelling places of Jacob. Glorious things are spoken of you, O city of G-d. I will make mention of Rahab and Babylon unto those that know me; behold Philistia and Tyre, as well as Cush, "This one was born there." But of Zion it will be said, "This man and that man was born there," and He, the

לְבְנֵי לְּרַח מִזְמוֹר שִׁיר יְסְוּדָתוֹ בְּהַרְרֵי־לְּדֶשׁ: אֹהֵב יְהֹנָה שַׁעְרֵי צִּיוֹן מִכּּל מִשְׁכְּנוֹת יַעֲלְב: נָכְבָּדוֹת מְדֻבָּר בָּהְ עִיר הָבֵב וּבָבֶל לְיִדְעִי הִנָּה פְּלֶשֶׁת וְצֹר הָבֵב וּבָבֶל לְיִדְעִי הִנָּה פְּלֶשֶׁת וְצֹר עִם־כּוּשׁ זֶה יֻלַּד־שָׁם: וּלְצִיּוֹן יֵאָמֵר אִישׁ וְאִישׁ יִלַּד־בָּה עִם־כּוּשׁ זֶה יֻלַּד־בָּה וְהוּא יְכוֹנְנָהָ עֶלְיוֹן: יְהֹנָה יִסְפֹּר בִּכְתוֹב עַמִּים זֶה יֻלַּד־שָׁם שָׁם סֶלָה: וְשָׁרִים כְּחֹלְלִים כָּל־מַעְיָנֵי בָּהְ:

Most High, will establish it. The L-rd will count the register of the nations, "This one was born there." Selah. Singers and dancers alike [will chant], "All my inner thoughts are of you."

אברכה I will bless the L-rd at all times; His praise is always in my mouth. The ultimate conclusion, all having been heard: fear G-d and observe His commandments, for this is the whole of man. My mouth will utter the praise of the L-rd, and all flesh shall bless His holy Name forever and ever. And we will bless the L-rd from now and forever; Halleluyah praise G-d.

אָבָרְכָה אָת־יְהֹנָה בְּכָל־עֵת תָּמִיד תְּהַלָּתוֹ בְּפִי: סוֹף דָּבָר הַכֹּל נִשְׁמֵע אֶת־הָאֶלהִים יְרָא וְאֶת־מִצְוֹתִיו שְׁמוֹר כִּי־זֶה כָּל־הָאָדָם: תְּהַלַּת יְהֹנָה יְדַבֵּר פִּי וִיבָרֵךְ כָּל־בָּשִׂר שֵׁם קָּדְשׁוֹ לְעוֹלָם נָעֶד: וַאֲנַחְנוּ נְבָרֵךְ יָה מֵעַתָּה וְעַד־עוֹלָם הַלְלוּיַה:

Before Mayim Acharonim (washing of the fingertips) the following verse is recited. Following Mayim Acharonim, one should not speak until completing the Birkat Hamazon, on page 18.

זה This is the portion of a wicked man from G-d, and the heritage assigned to him by G-d.

After Mayim Acharonim, the following verse is said.

וידבר And he said to me: This is the table that is before the L-rd.

ָזֶה חֵלֶק־אָדָם רָשָׁע מֵאֱלֹהִים וְנַחְלַת אָמְרוֹ מֵאֵל:

ניְדַבֵּר אֵלִי זֶה הַשֵּׁלְחָן אֲשֶׁר לֹפְנֵי יְהֹנָה:

The following is said if there is a quorum of at least three men (thirteen-years or older). Otherwise, continue with "Blessed are You" below. If there are ten men over the age of 12, recite the words in the parentheses.

The leader says:

רבותי Gentlemen, let us say Grace!

ַרַבּוֹתַי, מִיר וועֵלִין בּעֵנטשִׁין.

The others respond:

יהי May the Name of the L-rd be blessed from now and forever.

ָיָהִי שֵׁם יי מְבֹרָךְ מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם.

The leader says:

יהי May the Name of the L-rd be blessed from now and forever. With the permission of the masters, teachers, and gentlemen, let us bless (our G-d) He of whose bounty we have eaten.

The leader and the others say:

ברוך Blessed be (our G-d) He of whose bounty we have eaten.

יָהִי שֵׁם יי מְבֹרָךְ מֵעַתָּה וְעַד עוֹלָם. בִּרְשׁוּת מֶרָנָן וְרַבָּנָן וְרַבּוֹתַי, נְבָרַךְ (אֱלֹהֵינוּ) שֶׁאָכַלְנוּ מִשֶּׁלוֹ.

בָּרוּךְ (אֱלֹהֵינוּ) שֶׁאָכַלְנוּ מִשֶּׁלוֹ וּבְטוּבוֹ חָיִינוּ:

Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who, in His goodness, feeds the whole world with grace, with kindness and with mercy. He gives food to all flesh, for His kindness is everlasting. Through His great goodness to us continuously we do not lack food, and may we never lack it, for the sake of His great Name. For He is a [benevolent] G-d who feeds and sustains all, does good to all, and prepares food for all His creatures whom He has created, as it is said: You open Your hand and satisfy the desire of every living thing. Blessed are You L-rd, who provides food for all.

We thank You, L-rd, our G-d, for having given as a heritage to our fathers a precious, good and spacious land; for having brought us out, L-rd our G-d, from the land of Egypt and redeemed us from the house of slaves; for Your covenant which You have sealed in our flesh; for Your Torah which You have taught us; for Your statutes which You have made known to us; for the life, favor and kindness which You have graciously bestowed upon us; and for the food we eat with which You constantly feed and sustain us every day, at all times, and at every hour.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, הַזָּן אֶת הָעוֹלָם בָּלוֹ בְּטוּבוֹ בְּחֵן בְּחֶסֶד וּבְרַחֲמִים, הוּא נוֹתֵן לֶחֶם לְכָל בָּשִׂר כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדוֹ. וּבְטוּבוֹ הַגָּדוֹל תְּמִיד לֹא חָסַר לְנוּ מָזוֹן לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד. בַּעֲבוּר שְׁמוֹ לְנוּ, וְאַל יֶחְסֵר לָנוּ מָזוֹן לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד. בַּעֲבוּר שְׁמוֹ הַגָּדוֹל, כִּי הוּא אֵל זָן וּמְפַרְנֵס לְכֹּל וּמִטִיב לְכֹּל, וּמֵכִין הַגָּדוֹל, כִּי הוּא אֵל זָן וּמְפַרְנֵס לַכֹּל וּמֵטִיב לַכֹּל, וּמֵכִין מְזוֹן לְכָל בְּרִיּוֹתִיוֹ אֲשֶׁר בָּרָא. כָּאָמוּר, פּוֹתֵח אֶת־יָדֶּדְ וּמְשְׁבִּיעַ לְכָל הַיִי רָצוֹן: בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה הֹי, הַזָּן אֶת הַכֹּל. וֹמֶשְׁבִיע לְכָל־חֵי רָצוֹן: בָּרוּךְ אַהָּנְחַלְתָּ לִאֲבוֹתִינוּ אָבֶץ תוֹנְה לְךָ הוֹ אֲלֹהֵינוּ מַבֶּית עְבָדִים, וְעַל בְּרִיתְדְּ שֶׁחָתַמְתְּתְּ מְצְרִים, וְעַל בְּרִיתְדְּ שֶׁחְנַנְתְּנוּ, וְעַל חִיִים חֵן וְחֶסֶד שֶׁחוֹנַנְתְּנוּ, וְעַל אֲכִילַת מְיִוֹן שָׁאַתָּה זָן, וּמְפַרְנֵס אוֹתְנוּ תָּמִיד, בְּכָל יוֹם וּבְכָל שֵׁעָה: מֵעת וּבְכַל שַׁבָּר יוֹם אוֹתְנוּ תָּמִיד, בְּכָל יוֹם וּבְכָל שֵׁבָּר יִתְ שְׁתִוּנוֹ הַמְיִר, בְּכָל יוֹם וּבְכָל שֵׁתָבּי לִת מִין וְחָכִי אוֹתְנוּ תִּמִיד, בְּכָל יוֹם וּבְכַל שֵׁתְבּי.

ְעַל הַכּל יי אֱלהֵינוּ, אֲנַחְנוּ מוֹדִים לָךְ וּמְבָרְכִים אוֹתָדְ,
יִתְבָּרַךְ שִׁמְךְּ בְּפִי כָּל חֵי תָּמִיד לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד. כַּכָּתוּב:
וְאָכַלְתָּ וְשָׂבַעְּתָּ וּבַרַכְתָּ אֶת יי אֱלהֵיךְ עַל הָאָרֶץ הַטוֹבָה
אֲשֶׁר נַתַן לָךְ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי, עַל הָאָרֶץ וְעַל הַמָּזוֹן:

ועל For all this, L-rd our G-d, we thank You and bless You. May Your Name be blessed by the mouth of every living being, constantly and forever. As it is written: When you have eaten and are satiated, you shall bless the L-rd your G-d, for the good land which He has given you. Blessed are You, L-rd, for the land and for the food.

Have mercy, L-rd our G-d, upon Israel Your people, upon Jerusalem Your city, upon Zion the abode of Your glory, upon the kingship of the house of David Your anointed, and upon the great and holy House which is called by Your Name. Our G-d, our Father, Our Shepherd, feed us, sustain us, nourish us and give us comfort; and speedily, L-rd our G-d, grant us relief from all our afflictions. L-rd, our G-d, please do not make us dependent upon the gifts of mortal men nor upon their loans, but only upon Your full, open, holy and generous hand, that we may not be shamed or disgraced forever and ever.

רחם יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל יִשְׂרָאַל עַמֶּהְ וְעַל יְרוּשָׁלַיִם עִירֶהְּ
וְעַל צִיּוֹן מִשְׁכֵּן כְּבוֹדֶהְ וְעַל מַלְכוּת בֵּית דְּוָד מְשִׁיחֶהְ
וְעַל צִיּוֹן מִשְׁכֵּן כְּבוֹדֶהְ וְעַל מַלְכוּת בֵּית דְּוָד מְשִׁיחֶהְ
וְעַל הַבַּיִת הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ שֶׁנִּקְרָא שִׁמְהְ עָלִיו: אֱלֹהֵינוּ אָלהֵינוּ, וְהַרְוִחֵנוּ, וְהַרְוֹחֵנוּ, וְהַרְוֹחֵנוּ, וְהַא אֵל תַּצְרִיכֵנוּ לְנוּ יִיאֱלֹהֵינוּ מְהָרָה מִכָּל צָרוֹתֵינוּ. וְנָא אֵל תַּצְרִיכֵנוּ יִי אֱלֹהֵינוּ מְהָרָה מִכְּל צָרוֹתֵינוּ. וְנָא אֵל תַּצְרִיכֵנוּ יִי אֱלֹהֵינוּ, לֹא לִידִי מַהְנַת בָּשֶׂר וְדָם וְלֹא לִידִי הַלְּנְהָה הַפְּתוּחָה הַקְּדוֹשָׁה הַלְּנִתְה, שֶׁלֹא נִבוֹשׁ וְלֹא נְכָּלִם לְעוֹלָם וְעֵד.

On Friday night, continue in the shaded area. Otherwise, continue below at "Our G-d and G-d of our father's".

רצה May it please You, G-d, our G-d, to strengthen us through Your commandments, and through the precept of the Seventh Day, this great and holy Shabbat. For this day is great and holy before You, to refrain from work and to rest thereon with love, in accordance with the commandment of Your will. In Your will, G-d, our G-d, bestow upon us tranquility, that there shall be no trouble, sadness or grief on the day of our rest. G-d, our G-d, let us see the consolation of Zion Your city, and the rebuilding of Jerusalem Your holy city, for You are the Master of [all] salvations and the Master of [all] consolations.]

רְצֵה וְהַחֲלִיצֵנוּ יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶיךְ וּבְמִצְוֹת יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי הַשַּׁבָּת הַגָּדול וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ הַגָּה. כִּי יוֹם זֶה גָּדוֹל וְקֵדוֹשׁ הוּא לְפָנֶיךְ לִשְׁבָּת בּוֹ וְלָנוּחַ בּוֹ בְּאַהָבָה כְּמִצְוַת רְצוֹנֶךְ. וּבִרְצוֹנְךְ הָנִיחַ לָנוּ יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ שֶׁלֹא תְהֵא צָרָה וְיָגוֹן וַאֲנָחָה בְּיוֹם מְנוּחָתֵנוּ. וְהַרְאֵנוּ יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּנֶחָמַת צִיוֹן עִירֶךְ וּבְבִנְיַן יְרוּשָׁלִיִם עִיר קַדְשֶׁךְ כִּי אַתָּה הוּא בַעַל הַיְשׁוּעוֹת וּבַעַל הַנֶּחָמוֹת.

אלהינו Our G-d and G-d of our fathers, may there ascend, come and reach, be seen and accepted, heard, recalled and remembered before You. the remembrance and recollection of us, the remembrance of our fathers, the remembrance of Mashiach the son of David Your servant, the remembrance of Jerusalem Your holy city, and the remembrance of all Your people the House of Israel, for deliverance, wellbeing, grace, kindness, mercy, good life and peace, on this day of the Festival of Matzot, on this Festival of holy convocation. Remember us on this [day], L-rd, our G-d, for good; recollect us on this [day] for blessing; help us on this [day] for good life. With the אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, יַעֲלֶה וְיָבֹא וְיַגִּיעַ וְיַרָאָה וְיֵרָאֶה וְיִרָאֶה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִרָאֶה וְיִרָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִבָּאָה וְיִנְּעָה וְיִפָּקְד וְיִנְּכָר זְכְרוֹן מְשִׁלִים עִיר וְזְכְרוֹן מְשִׁרָּה, וְזְכְרוֹן כָּל עַמְּךְ בֵּית יִשְׂרָאַל לְפָנֶיךְ, לפְלִיטָה לְטוֹבָה לְחֵן וּלְחֶסֶד וּלְרַחֲמִים, לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם לְטוֹבָה לְחֵן וּלְחֶסֶד וּלְרַחְמִים, לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם בִּיוֹם חֵג הַמַּצוֹת הַזָּה ביוֹם טוֹב מִקְרָא קוֹדֶשׁ הַזָּה. זַכְרֵנוּ יִי אֱלֹהֵינוּ בּוֹ לְטוֹבָה וּפָקְדֵנוּ בוֹ לְכָרָכָה וְהוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ בוֹ לְחַיִּים. וּבְּדְבַר יִשׁוּשָה וְרַחָמִים חוּס וְחָנֵנוּ וְרַחֵם עָלִינוּ וְהוֹשִׁיעֵנוּ, כִּי אֵל מֶלֶךְ חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָתִּרֵנוּ, כִּי אֵל מֶלֶךְ חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָתִּרֵנוּ, כִּי אֵל מֶלֶךְ חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָתִּרָּה.

promise of deliverance and compassion, spare us and be gracious to us; have mercy upon us and deliver us; for our eyes are directed to You, for You, G-d, are a gracious and merciful King.

ובנה Rebuild Jerusalem the holy city speedily in our days. Blessed are You, L-rd, who in His mercy rebuilds Jerusalem. Amen.

וּבְנֵה יְרוּשָׁלַיִם עִיר הַקֹּדֶשׁ בִּמְהַרָה בְיָמֵינוּ. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', בּוֹנֵה בִרַחַמֵיו יִרוּשַׁלַיִם. אַמֵן. Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, benevolent G-d, our Father, our King, our Might, our Creator, our Redeemer, our Maker, our Holy One, the Holy One of Jacob, our Shepherd, the Shepherd of Israel, the King who is good and does good to all, each and every day. He has done good for us, He does good for us, and He will do good for us; He has bestowed, He bestows, and He will forever bestow upon us grace, kindness and mercy, relief, salvation and success, blessing and help, consolation, sustenance and nourishment, compassion, life, peace and all goodness; and may He never cause us to lack any good.

הרחמן May the Merciful One reign over us forever and ever. May the Merciful One be blessed in heaven and on earth. May the Merciful One be praised for all generations, and be glorified in us forever and all eternity, and honored in us forever and ever. May the Merciful One sustain us with honor. May the Merciful One break the yoke of exile from our neck and may He lead us upright to our land. May the Merciful One send abundant blessing into this house and upon this table at which we have eaten. May the Merciful One send us Elijah the Prophet may he be remembered for good and may he bring us good tidings, salvation and consolation.

הרחמן May the Merciful One bless my father, my teacher, the master of this house, and my mother, my teacher, the mistress of this house; them, their household, their children, and all that is theirs; us, and all that is ours. Just as He blessed our forefathers, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, "in everything," "from everything," with "everything," so may He bless all of us together with a perfect blessing, and let us say, Amen.

ממרום From On High, may there be invoked upon him and upon us such merit which will bring a safeguarding of peace. May we receive blessing from the L-rd and just kindness from the G-d of our salvation, and may we find grace and good understanding in the eyes of G-d and man.

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יי, אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם, הָאֵל אָבִינוּ מַלְבֵנוּ אַדִירֵנוּ בּוֹרְאֵנוּ גּוֹאֲלֵנוּ יוֹצְרֵנוּ קְדוֹשֵׁנוּ קְדוֹשׁ יַעֲלָב רוֹעֵנוּ אַדִירֵנוּ בּוֹרְאֵנוּ גּוֹאֲלֵנוּ יוֹצְרֵנוּ קְדוֹשׁנוּ קְדוֹשׁ יַעֲלָב רוֹעֵנוּ רוֹעֵה יִשְׂרָאַל הַמֶּלֶדְ הַטוֹב וְהַמֵּטִיב לְנוּ. הוּא גְמָלָנוּ הוּא הוּא הַטִּיב, הוּא יֵיטִיב לְנוּ. הוּא גְמָלָנוּ הוּא גֹמְלֵנוּ לָעַד, לְחֵן וּלְחֶסֶד וּלְרַחְמִים וּלְרָוֹח הַצְּלָהָה, בְּרָכָה וִישׁוּעָה נָחָמָה פַּרְנָסָה וְכַלְכָּלָה הַבְּלָהְה, וְהַצְלָחָה, בְּרָכָה וִישׁוּעָה נָחָמָה פַּרְנָסָה וְכַלְכָּלְה וְרַחְמִים וְשָׁלוֹם וְכָל טוֹב, וּמִכָּל טוּב לְעוֹלָם עַל יְחַסְּרֵנוּ.

ָּהַרַחֲמָן הוּא יִמְלוֹךְ עָלֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד.

ָּהָרַחֲמָן הוּא יִתְבָּרַךְ בַּשָּׁמַיִם וּבָאָרֶץ.

הָרַחְמָן הוּא יִשְׁתַּבַּח לְדוֹר דּוֹרִים, וְיִתְכָּאַר בָּנוּ לָעַד וּלְנֵצַח נְצָחִים, וְיִתְהַדַּר בָּנוּ לָעַד וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עוֹלָמִים.

הָרַחֲמָן הוּא יְפַרְנְסֵנוּ בְּכָבוֹד.

הָרָחֲמָן הוּא יִשְׁבּוֹר עוֹל גָלוּת לְנוּ מֵעַל צַּנָּארֵנוּ, וְהוּא יוֹלִיכֵנוּ קוֹמָמִיּוּת לְאַרְצֵנוּ.

הָרַחֲמָן הוּא יִשְׁלַח לָנוּ בְּרָכָה מְרֻבָּה בְּבַּיִת הַזָּה, וְעַל שֵׁלְחָן זֶה שֶׁאָכַלְנוּ עָלָיו.

הָרַחֲמֶן הוּא יִשְׁלַח לָנוּ אֶת אֵליָהוּ הַנָּבִיא זָכוּר לַטוֹב, וִיבַשֶּׁר לָנוּ בְּשׂוֹרוֹת טוֹבוֹת יְשׁוּעוֹת וְנֶחָמוֹת.

הָרַחַמָּן הוּא יְבָרֵךְ אֶת אָבִי מוֹרִי בַּעַל הַבַּיִת הַזָּה, וְאֶת אָמִי מוֹרָתִי בַּעֲלַת הַבַּיִת הַזֶּה, אוֹתָם וְאֶת בֵּיתָם וְאֶת זַרְעָם וְאֶת כָּל אֲשֶׁר לָהֶם, אוֹתָנוּ וְאֶת כָּל אֲשֶׁר לְנוּ, כְּמוֹ שֶׁבֵּרַךְ אֶת אֲבוֹתֵינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וְיַעֲקֹב בַּכֹּל מִכֹּל כֹּל, כֵּן יְבָרֵךְ אוֹתָנוּ כֵּלָנוּ יַחַד בִּבְרָכָה שְׁלֵמָה, וְנֹאִמַר, אָמֵן.

מִפְּרוֹם יְלַמְּדוּ עֲלֵיו וְעָלֵינוּ זְכוּת שֶׁהְהָא לְמִשְׁמֶרֶת שָׁלוֹם. וְנִשָּׂא בְרָכָה מֵאֵת יי, וּצְדָקָה מֵאלֹהֵי יִשְׁעֵנוּ, וְנִמְצָא חֵן וְשֵׂכֶל טוֹב בְּעִינֵי אֱלֹהִים וְאָדָם.

On Friday night, continue in the shaded area. Otherwise, continue below, following the shaded area.

הרחמן May the Merciful One cause us to inherit that day which will be all Shabbat and rest for life everlasting.

הָרַחֲמֶן הוּא יַנְחִילֵנוּ יוֹם שֶׁכֵּלוֹ שַׁבָּת וּמְנוּחָה לְחַיֵּי הָעוֹלָמִים.

הרחמן May the Merciful One cause us to inherit that day which is all good.

הָרַחַמָן הוּא יַנְחִילֵנוּ לִיוֹם שֵׁכֵּלוֹ טוֹב.

May the Merciful One grant us the privilege of reaching the days of the Mashiach and the life of the World to Come. He is a tower of salvation to His king, and bestows kindness upon His anointed, to David and his descendants forever. He who makes peace in His heights, may He make peace for us and for all Israel; and say, Amen.

יראו Fear the L-rd, you His holy ones, for those who fear Him suffer no want. Young lions are in need and go hungry, but those who seek the L-rd shall not lack any good. Give thanks to the L-rd for He is good, for His kindness is everlasting. You open Your hand and satisfy the desire of every living thing. Blessed is the man who trusts in the L-rd, and the L-rd will be his trust.

הָרְחָמֶן הוּא יְזַכֵּנוּ לִימוֹת הַמָּשִׁיחַ וּלְחַיֵּי הָעוֹלָם הַבָּא. מִגְדּוֹל יְשׁוּעוֹת מֵלְכּוֹ וְעֹשֶׂה חֶסֶד לִמְשִׁיחוֹ לְדָוִד וּלְזַרְעוֹ עַד עוֹלָם. עשָה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמִיו, הוּא יַעֲשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְׂרָאַל וְאִמְרוּ, אָמֵו.

יִרְאוּ אֶת ה' קְדֹשָׁיוּ, כִּי אֵין מַחְסוֹר לִירֵאָיוּ. כְּפִירִים רָשׁוּ וְרָעֵבוּ, וְדֹרְשֵׁי ה' לֹא יַחְסְרוּ כָל טוֹב. הוֹדוּ לַיִי כִּי טוֹב כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. כּּוֹתַחַ אֶת יָדֶדְ, וּמַשְׂבִּיעַ לְכָל חֵי רָצוֹן. בָּרוּךְ הַגֶּבֶר אֲשֶׁר יִבְטַח בַּיי, וְהָיָה ה' מִבְטַחוֹ.

Recite the blessing on the third cup, and then drink it while reclining to the left.

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה ה', אֱלהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגָּפֶן.

The fourth cup of grape juice is poured, and the front door is opened.

Pour out Your wrath upon the nations that do not acknowledge You, and upon the kingdoms that do not call upon Your Name. For they have devoured Jacob and laid waste his habitation. Pour out Your indignation upon them and let the wrath of Your anger overtake them. Pursue them with anger, and destroy them from beneath the heavens of the L-rd.

שְׁפֹּדְ חֲמָתְדְּ אֶל־הַגּוֹיִם אֲשֶׁר לֹא יְדָעוּדְּ, וְעַל־מַמְלָכוֹת אֲשֶׁר בְּשִׁמְדְּ לֹא קָרָאוּ. כִּי אָכַל אֶת־יַצְלָב, וְאֶת־נָנֵהוּ הַשַּׁמוּ. שְׁפָּדְ־עֲלֵיהֶם זַעֲמֶדְ וַחֲרוֹן אַפְּדְ יַשִּׁיגִם. תִּרְדֹף בָּאַף וְתַשִׁמִידֵם מִתַּחַת שָׁמֵי יי.

Hallel-Nirtzah - - הַלֵּל

אל Not to us, L-rd, not to us, but to Your Name give glory, for the sake of Your kindness and Your truth. Why should the nations say, "Where, now, is their G-d?" Our G-d is in heaven, whatever He desires, He does. Their idols are of silver and gold, the product of human hands: they have a mouth, but cannot speak; they have eyes, but cannot see; they have ears, but cannot hear; they have a nose, but cannot smell; their hands cannot feel; their feet cannot walk; they can make no sound with their throat. Like them should be their makers, everyone that trusts in them. Israel, trust in the L-rd! He is their help and their shield. You who fear the L-rd, trust in the L-rd! He is their help and their shield.

לא לָנוּ, יי, לא לָנוּ, כִּי לְשִׁמְךּ תֵּן כָּבוֹד, עַל חַסְדְּךָ עַל אַמְתּך. לְמָה יאׁמְרוּ הַגּוֹיִם אַיֵּה נָא אֱלֹהֵיהֶם. וְאֱלֹהֵינוּ בְּשָׁמִים, כֹּל אֲשֶׁר חָפֵץ עֲשָׂה. עֲצַבֵּיהֶם כָּסֶף וְזָהָב מַעֲשֹׁה יְדֵי אָדָם. פָּה לָהֶם וְלֹא יְדַבֵּרוּ, עֵינַיִם לְהֶם וְלֹא יְרַחוּוּ, אַף לָהֶם וְלֹא יְרִיחוּוְ. יִרְאוּ. אָזְנָיִם לָהֶם וְלֹא יִשְׁמָעוּ, אַף לָהֶם וְלֹא יְרִיחוּוְ. יִרְאוּ. אָזְנָיִם לָהֶם וְלֹא יִשְׁמָעוּ, אַף לָהֶם וְלֹא יְרִיחוּוּן. יִדְיהֶם וְלֹא יְהַלֵּכוּ, לֹא יָהְגוּ יִדִיהֶם וְלֹא יְהַלְּכוּ, לֹא יָהְגוּ בִּיִרוּנְם. כְּמוֹהֶם יִהְיוּ עֹשִׁיהֶם, כֹּל אֲשֶׁר בִּטֵח בָּהָם וּהָא. בִּיר אַהְרֹן בִּטְחוּ בַיִי, עָזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִּיי, עָזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בַיִי, עָזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִּיי, עָזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִּיי, עַזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִיי, עַזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִיי, עַזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִּיי, עַזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִּיי, עִזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִיי, עִזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִיי, עִזְרָם וּמָגנָם הוּא. יִרְאֵי יִי בִּטְחוּ בִיי, בִּיְרָם וּהִבּם.

"The L-rd, mindful of us, will bless. He will bless the House of Israel; He will bless the House of Aaron; He will bless those who fear the L-rd, the small with the great. May the L-rd increase [blessing] upon you, upon you and upon your children. You are blessed unto the Lrd, the Maker of heaven and earth. The heavens are the heavens of the L-rd, but the earth He gave to the children of man. The dead do not praise G-d, nor do those that go down into the silence [of the grave]. But we will bless Gd, from now to eternity. Halleluyah!

אהבתי I love the L-rd, because He hears my voice, my prayers. For He turned His ear to me; all my days I will call [upon Him]. The pangs of death encompassed me, and the agonies of the grave came upon me, trouble and sorrow I encounter, and I call u upon the Name of the Lrd: Please, L-rd, deliver my soul! The L-rd is gracious and just, our G-d is compassionate. The L-rd watches over the simpletons; I was brought low, and He saved me. Return, my soul, to your rest, for the L-rd has dealt kindly with you. For You have delivered my soul from death, my eyes from tears, my foot from stumbling. I will walk before the L-rd in the lands of the living. I had faith even when I said, "I am greatly afflicted;" [even when] I said in my haste, "All men are deceitful."

מה What can I repay the L-rd for all His kindness to me? I will raise the cup of salvation and call upon the Name of the L-rd. I will pay my vows to the L-rd in the presence of all His people. Precious in the eyes of the L-rd is the death of His pious ones. I thank you, Lrd, for I am Your servant. I am Your servant the son of Your handmaid, You have loosened my bonds. To You I will bring an offering of thanksgiving, and I will call upon the Name of the L-rd. I will pay my vows to the L-rd in the presence of all His people, in the courtyards

Praise the L-rd, all nations! Extol Him, all peoples! For His kindness was mighty over us, and the truth of the

הודו Give thanks to the L-rd, for He is good, for His kindness is everlasting.

L-rd is everlasting. Halleluyah!

יאמר Let Israel say [it], for His kindness is everlasting. יאמרו Let the House of Aaron say [it], for His kindness is everlasting.

יאמרו Let those who fear the L-rd say [it], for His kindness is everlasting.

יי זְּכָרֶנוּ יְבָרֵךְ. יְבָרֵךְ אֶת בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל, יְבָרֵךְ אֶת בֵּית אַהרוֹ, יַבַרְדְּ יִרְאֵי יִי, הַקְּטַנִים עַם הַגָּדֹלִים. יֹסֵף יִי עַלִיכֶם, עַלָיכֶם וַעַל בָּנֵיכֶם. בַּרוּכִים אַתֵּם לִיי, עֹשֵׂה שַׁמַיִם וַאַרֵץ. הַשַּׁמַיִם שַׁמַיִם לִיי וַהַאַרֵץ נַתַן לְבָנֵי אַדַם. לא הַמֶּתִים יָהַלְלוּ יַה וְלֹא כַּל יֹרְדֵי דוּמַה. וַאַנַחְנוּ נָבַרֶדְ יַה מֵעַתַּה וְעַד עוֹלַם. הַלְלוּיַה.

אַהַבְתִּי כִּי יִשְׁמַע יי אָת קוֹלִי תַּחָנוּנֵי. כִּי הִטַה אַזְנוֹ לִי וּבִיַמֵי אֶקרַא. אַפַפוּנִי חֵבָלֵי מַוַת וּמְצַרֵי שָׁאוֹל מְצַאוּנִי, צַרָה וָיגוֹן אָמַצַא. וּבָשֶׁם יי אֶקרַא: אַנַּא יי מַלְטַה נַפְשִׁי. חַנוּן יי וְצַדִּיק, וַאֱלֹהֵינוּ מִרַחַם. שֹׁמֵר פִּתַאִים יי, דַּלוֹתִי וָלִי יָהוֹשִׁיעַ. שׁוּבִי נַפִּשִׁי לְמְנוּחַיָכִי, כִּי יי גַמַל עַלַיִכִי. כִּי חָלַצִתַּ נַפִּשִׁי מִמַּוַת, אֵת עֵינִי מִן דְּמְעַה, אָת רַגְלִי מָדֶּחִי. אֶתְהַלֵּךְ לִפְנֵי יי בְּאַרְצוֹת הַחַיִּים. הָאֱמַנִתִּי כִּי אֲדַבֶּר, אֵנִי עַנִיתִי מָאֹד. אֲנִי אַמַרְתִּי בְחַפְזִי כל האדם כֹּלַב.

מַה אַשִּׁיב לַיי כֹּל תַּגמוּלוֹהִי עָלָי. כּוֹס יְשׁוּעוֹת אֶשָׂא וּבְשַׁם יי אֶקרא. נַדְרֵי לִיי אְשַׁלָּם נָגָדה נֹא לכל עַמוֹ. יָקָר בְּעֵינֵי יי הַמָּוְתָה לַחֲסִידִיוֹ. אָנָּה יי כִּי אֲנִי עַבְדֶּךָּ, אַנִי עַבְדָּדָ בֶּן אֲמָתֶדְ, פִּתַּחָתָּ לְמוֹסַרָי. לְדָּ אֶזְבַּח זֶבַח תּוֹדָה וּכְשֵׁם יי אֶקְרָא. נְדָרַי לִיי אֲשַׁלֵּם נֶגְדָה נָּא לְכָל עַמוֹ. בָּחַצָרוֹת בֵּית יי, בָּתוֹכֶכִי יִרוּשַלְיָם. הַלְלוּיֵה.

of the House of the L-rd, in the midst of Jerusalem. Halleluyah! הַלְלוּ אֵת יי כַּל גּוֹיָם, שַׁבָּחוּהוּ כַּל הַאָמָים. כִּי גַבַר

> עלינו חסדו, ואמת יי לעולם. הללויה . הודו ליי כִּי טוֹב כִּי לעוֹלם חַסְדוֹ. יאמר נא ישַׂראל כִּי לעוֹלִם חַסְדּוֹ.

יאמרוּ נַא בֵית אַהָרן כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. יֹאמָרוּ נַא יִרְאֵי ה' כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ.

מן Out of narrow confines I called to G-d; G-d answered me with abounding relief. The L-rd is with me, I will not fear what can man do to me? The L-rd is with me, through my helpers, and I can face my enemies. It is better to rely on the L-rd, than to trust in man. It is better to rely on the L-rd, than to trust in nobles. All nations surround me, but I cut them down in the Name of the Lrd. They surrounded me, they encompassed me, but I cut them down in the Name of the L-rd. They surrounded me like bees, yet they are extinguished like a fire of thorns; I cut them down in the Name of the L-rd. You [my foes] pushed me again and again to fall, but the L-rd helped me. G-d is my strength and song, and this has been my salvation. The sound of joyous song and salvation is in the tents of the righteous: "The right hand of the L-rd performs deeds of valor. The right hand of the L-rd is exalted; the right hand of the L-rd performs deeds of valor!" I shall not die, but I shall live and relate the deeds of G-d. G-d has chastised me, but He did not give me over to death. Open for me the gates of righteousness; I will enter them and give thanks to G-d. This is the gate of the L-rd, the righteous will enter it. I thank You for You have answered me, and You have been a help to me.

<mark>מון הַמ</mark>ֶּצַר קַרַאתִי יַהּ, עַנַנִי בַמֵּרְחַב יַהּ. יי לִי, לֹא אִירַא בַּה יַּעֲשֶׂה לִי אַדָם, יי לִי בִּעֹזְרֵי וַאַנִי אֵרְאֵה בִּשֹׁנָאַי. טוֹב לָחֵסוֹת בַּיי מִבְּטֹחַ בַּאַדַם. טוֹב לָחַסוֹת בַּיי מִבְּטֹחַ בָּנְדִיבִים. כַּל גּוֹיִם סְבַבוּנִי, בִּשֵׁם יי כִּי אֲמִילַם. סַבּוּנִי גַם סְבַבוּנִי, בָּשֶׁם יי כִּי אָמִילָם. סְבוּנִי כִדְבֹרִים, דֹעֲכוּ כָּאֵשׁ קוֹצִים, בִּשֶׁם יי כִּי אֲמִילַם. דַּחֹה דְּחִיתַנִי לְנָפֹּל, וַיי עַזַרָנִי. עַזִּי וִזְמָרַת יַה נַיִּהִי לִי לִישׁוּעַה. קוֹל רְנַה וִישׁוּעַה בְאַהַלִי צַדִּיקִים: יִמִין יי עֹשֵׁה חַיִל, יִמִין יי רוֹמֵמַה, יִמִין יי עשה חַיִל. לא אַמוּת כִּי אַחָיֵה, וַאַסַפֶּר מַעֲשֵׁי יַה. יַסֹר יִסְרַנִי יַה, וַלַמַּוַת לֹא נִתַנַנִי. פִּתִחוּ לִי שַעַרֵי צֵדָק, אַבֹא בָם, אוֹדָה יַה. זָה הַשַּׁעַר לִיי, צַדִּיקִים יַבֹאוּ בוֹ .אוֹדָדְּ כִּי עַנִיתַנִי וַתִּהִי לִי לִישׁוּעַה. אוֹדָךְ כִּי עַנִיתַנִי וַתִּהִי לִי לִישׁוּעַה. אֶבֶן מַאֲסוּ הַבּוֹנִים הַיִּתַה לִראשׁ פִּנַה. אֶבֵן מַאֵסוּ הַבּוֹנִים הַיִּתָה לִראשׁ פִּנַּה. מֵאֵת יי הַיִּתַה זּאֹת הִיא ָנָפָלַאת בִּעֵינֵינוּ. מֵאֵת יי הַיִּתָה זֹאת הִיא נִפְלַאת בִּעֵינֵינוּ. זָה הַיּוֹם עַשַּׂה יי, נַגִּילָה וָנִשְּׂמְחָה בוֹ. זֵה הַיּוֹם עַשַּׂה יי, נגילה וִנִשְׂמְחַה בוֹ.

I thank You for You have answered me, and You have been a help to me. The stone scorned by the builders has become the main cornerstone. The stone scorned by the builders has become the main cornerstone. This was indeed from the L-rd, it is wondrous in our eyes. This was indeed from the L-rd, it is wondrous in our eyes. This day the L-rd has made, let us be glad and rejoice on it.

אנא O L-rd, please help us! אנא O L-rd, please help us! אנא O L-rd, please grant us success! O L-rd, please grant us success!

אָנָּא יי, הוֹשִיעָה נָּא. אָנָּא יי, הוֹשִיעָה נָּא. אָנָּא יי, הַצְלִיחָה נָא. אָנָּא יי, הַצְלִיחָה נָא.

Blessed is he who comes in the Name of the L-rd; we bless you from the House of the L-rd. Blessed is he who comes in the Name of the L-rd; we bless you from the House of the L-rd. The L-rd is Almighty, He gave us light; bind the festival-offering until [you bring it to] the horns of the altar. The L-rd is Almighty, He gave us light; bind the festival-offering until [you bring it to] the horns of the altar. You are my G-d and I will thank You; my G-d, I will exalt You. You are my G-d and I will thank You; my G-d, I will exalt You. Give thanks to the L-rd, for He is good, for His kindness is everlasting. Give thanks to the L-rd, for He is good, for His kindness is everlasting.

בָּרוּךְ הַבָּא בְּשֵׁם ה', בֵּרַכְנוּכֶם מְבֵּית ה'. בָּרוּךְ הַבָּא בְּשֵׁם ה', בַּרַכְנוּכֶם מְבֵּית ה'. אֵל ה' נִיָּאֶר לָנוּ. אִסְרוּ הַּשְׁבִּחַ. אֵל ה' נַיָּאֶר לָנוּ. אִסְרוּ חֵג בַּעֲבֹתִים עַד קַרְנוֹת הַמִּזְבֵּחַ. אֵל ה' נַיָּאֶר לְנוּ. אִסְרוּ חֵג בַּעֲבֹתִים עַד קַרְנוֹת הַמִּזְבֵּחַ. אֵלִי אַמָּה וְאוֹדֶדֶ, אֱלֹהִי – אֲרוֹמְמֶדֶ. אֵלִי אַתָּה וְאוֹדֶדֶ, אֱלֹהִי – אֲרוֹמְמֶדֶ. אֵלִי פִי טוֹב, כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. הוֹדוּ לַיִי כִּי טוֹב, כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. הוֹדוּ לַיִי כִּי טוֹב, כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ.

יהללוך L-rd, our G-d, all Your works shall praise You; Your pious ones, the righteous who do Your will, and all Your people, the House of Israel, with joyous song will thank and bless, laud and glorify, exalt and adore, sanctify and proclaim the sovereignty of Your Name, our King. For it is good to thank You, and befitting to sing to Your Name, for from the beginning to the end of the world You are Almighty G-d.

יְהַלְלֹוּךָ ה' אֱלֹהֵינוּ כָּל מַעֲשֶׂיךָ, וַחֲסִידֶיךְ צַדִּיקִים עוֹשֵׁי רְצוֹנֶךְ, וְכָל עַמְּךָ בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרָנָה יוֹדוּ וִיבָרְכוּ, וִישַׁבְּחוּ וִיפָּאֲרוּ, וִירוֹמְמוּ וְיַעֲרִיצוּ, וְיַקְדִּישׁוּ וְיַמְלִיכוּ אֶת שִׁמְךָ, מַלְכֵּנוּ. כִּי לְךָ טוֹב לְהוֹדוֹת וּלְשִׁמְךְּ נָאֶה לְזִמֵּר, כִּי מֵעוֹלָם וְעַד עוֹלָם אַתָּה אֵל.

הודו Give thanks to the G-d of gods for His kindness is everlasting; הודו Give thanks to the G-d of gods for His kindness is everlasting; הודו Give thanks to the L-rd of lords for His kindness is everlasting; עשה Who alone does great wonders for His kindness is everlasting; לעשה Who made the heavens with understanding for His kindness is everlasting;

לרוקה Who stretched out the earth above the waters for His kindness is everlasting;

לעשה Who made the great lights for His kindness is everlasting; את The sun, to rule by day for His kindness is everlasting;

את The moon and stars, to rule by night for His kindness is everlasting;

למכה Who struck Egypt through their first-born for His kindness is everlasting;

ויוצא And brought Israel out of their midst for His kindness is everlasting;

ביד With a strong hand and with an outstretched arm for His kindness is everlasting;

לגזר Who split the Sea of Reeds into sections for His kindness is everlasting;

והעביר And led Israel through it for His kindness is everlasting; ונער And cast Pharaoh and his army into the Sea of Reeds for His kindness is everlasting;

למוליך Who led His people through the desert for His kindness is everlasting;

למכה Who struck great kings for His kindness is everlasting; ויהרג And slew mighty kings for His kindness is everlasting; לסיחון Sichon, king of the Amorites for His kindness is everlasting; ולעוג And Og, king of Bashan for His kindness is everlasting; ונתן And gave their land as a heritage for His kindness is everlasting;

בחלה A heritage to Israel, His servant for His kindness is everlasting;

שבשפלנו Who remembered us in our lowliness for His kindness is everlasting;

א And delivered us from our oppressors for His kindness is everlasting;

נותן Who gives food to all flesh for His kindness is everlasting; Thank the G-d of heaven for His kindness is everlasting.

הודוּ לֵיי כִּי טוֹב כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

הודוּ לֵאלהֵי הָאֱלהִים כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

הודוּ לָאֲדֹנֵי הָאֲדֹנִים כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

לְעֹשֵׂה נִפְּלָאוֹת גְּדֹלוֹת לְבַדּוֹ כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

לְעֹשֵׂה הַשָּׁמֵיִם בִּתְבוּנָה כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

לְרוֹקֵע הָאָרֶץ עַל הַמָּיִם כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

לְעֹשֵׂה אוֹרִים גְּדֹלִים כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

אֶת הַשֶּׁמֶשׁ לְמֶמְשֶׁלֶת בַּיּוֹם כִּי לְעוֹלֶם חַסְדּוֹ.

אֶת הַיָּרָח וְכוֹכָבִים לְמֶמְשְׁלוֹת בַּלַיְלָה כִּי לְעוֹלֵם חַסְדּוֹ.

לָמַכֵּה מִצְרַיִם בָּבָכוֹרֵיהֵם כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. נִיוֹצֵא יִשִׂרַאֵל מִתּוֹכַם כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. בִיד חזקה וּבַזרוֹעַ נָטוּיה כִּי לעוֹלם חַסְדּוֹ. לָגֹזֶר יַם סוּף לְגַזַרִים כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. וָהֶעֲבִיר יִשְׂרָאֵל בָּתוֹכוֹ כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. ונער פַרעה וחילו בַיַם סוּף כִּי לעוֹלם חַסדּוֹ. למוליד עמו בַּמַדבּר כִּי לעוֹלם חַסדוֹ. לְמַכָּה מַלכִים גַּדֹלִים כִּי לְעוֹלם חַסְדּוֹ. וַיַּהַרֹג מַלַכִים אַדִּירִים כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. לָסִיחוֹן מֶלֶךְ הַאֱמֹרִי כִּי לְעוֹלֵם חַסְדּוֹ. וּלְעוֹג מֵלֶךְ הַבַּשַׁן כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ. וַנַתַן אַרָצַם לְנַחַלָה כִּי לִעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. נַחַלָה לִישָׂרָאֵל עַבִדוּ כִּי לְעוֹלַם חַסְדּוֹ. שָׁבִשִּׁפְלֶנוּ זַכָּר לַנוּ כִּי לְעוּלָם חַסְדּו: וַיְּפָרְקָנוּ מָצַרִינוּ כִּי לעולם חַסְדּוּ: נותן לַחָם לְכַל בַּשר כִּי לִעולַם חַסִדּו: הודו לאל השמים כי לעולם חסדו.

נְשָׁמַת כַּל חַי תִּבַרֶךְ אֵת שִׁמְדָּ, יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ, וְרוּחַ כַּל בַּשַּׂר תַּפַאֵר וּתָרוֹמֵם זָכָרְדָּ, מַלְכֵּנוּ, תַמִיד. מָן הַעוֹלַם וְעַד ָהָעוֹלָם אַתָּה אֵל, וּמִבַּלְעָדֶיךָ אֵין לָנוּ מֶלֶךְ גּוֹאֵל וּמוֹשִיעַ, פּוֹדֶה וּמַצִּיל וּמְפַרְנֵס וּמְרַחֵם כִּכָל עַת צָרָה וְצוּקָה. אֵין לָנוּ מֶלֶךְ אֶלָּא אַתָּה. אֱלֹהֵי הָראשׁוֹנִים וְהָאַחַרוֹנִים, אֱלוֹהַ כַּל בָּרִיּוֹת, אֲדוֹן כַּל תּוֹלַדוֹת, הַמְּהַלַּל בִּרֹב הַתִּשְׁבַּחוֹת, הַמְנַהֵג עוֹלַמוֹ בָּחֵסֶד וּבִרְיּוֹתַיו בְּרַחַמִים. וַיי הָנֵה לֹא יַנוּם וַלֹא יִישַׁן, הַמְּעוֹרֵר יִשֶׁנִים וָהַמֵּקִיץ נְרַדַּמִים, וָהַמֵּשִׂיחַ אָלְמִים וָהַמַּתִּיר אָסוּרִים וָהַסוֹמֶדְ נוֹפְלִים וָהַזּוֹקֵף כִּפּוּפִים. לָדָּ לְבַדָּדָּ אֲנַחָנוּ מוֹדִים. אָלוּ פִינוּ מַלָא שִׁירֵה כַיַּם, וּלְשׁוֹנֵנוּ רַנַּה כַּהַמוֹן גַּלַיוּ, וְשִׂפְתוֹתֵינוּ שֵׁבַח כִּמַרְחַבֵי רַקיעַ, וְעֵינֵינוּ מָאָירוֹת כַּשָּׁמֵשׁ וְכַיַּרַחַ, וְיַדִינוּ פִרוּשׁות בְּנִשְׂרֵי שַׁמַיִם, וְרַגְלֵינוּ קַלּוֹת כַּאַיַּלוֹת – אֵין אֲנַחָנוּ מַספִּיקִים לָהוֹדוֹת לָדָ, יי אֱלהֵינוּ וַאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ, וּלְבַרֵךְ אָת שָׁמִדְּ עַל אַחַת מֵאֵלֵף, אַלְפֵי אূלָפִים וַרְבֵּי רְבַבוֹת פּעַמִים הַטוֹבוֹת נָסִים וָנָפָלַאוֹת שֵׁעַשִּׂיתַ עִמַנוּ וָעָם אַבוֹתֵינוּ מִלְפַנִים. מִמְצְרֵים גָאַלְתַּנוּ, יי אֵלהֵינוּ, וּמְבֵּית עַבַדִים פִּדִיתַנוּ, בַּרַעַב זַנִתַּנוּ וּבְשַׂבַע כִּלְכַּלְתַנוּ, מַחֵרֵב הצַלתַנוּ וּמִדֶּבֶר מִלַּטִתַנוּ, וּמֵחַלַיִם רַעִים וְנֵאֵמַנִים דְּלִיתַנוּ. עָד הַנַּה עַזַרוּנוּ רַחַמֵידְ וְלֹא עַזַבוּנוּ חַסְדֶידְ, וְאַל תִּטְשֵׁנוּ, יי אַלהֵינוּ, לַנֵצַח. עַל כֵּן אָבַרִים שֵׁפָּלַגְתַּ בָּנוּ וְרוּחַ וּנְשָׁמָה שַׁנַפַחָתַּ בָּאַפֶּינוּ וַלַשוֹן אֲשֶׁר שַׂמְתַּ בִּפִינוּ – הֶן הֶם: יוֹדוּ וִיבַרְכוּ וִישַׁבָּחוּ וִיפַאֵרוּ וִירוֹמְמוּ וְיַעַרִיצוּ וְיַקְדִּישׁוּ וַיַמִלִיכוּ אֵת שָׁמָדְ מַלְכֵּנוּ. כִּי כַל פַּה לְדְ יוֹדָה, וַכַל לַשׁוֹן לְדָּ תִּשָּׁבַע, וְכָל עַיִן לְדָּ תִצַפֶּה, וְכָל בֶּרֶדְ לְדָּ תִכְרַע, וְכָל קוֹמָה לְפָנֵיךְ תִשְׁתַּחֲנָה, וְכָל הַלְבָבוֹת יִירָאוּךְ, וְכָל קֶרֵב וּכָלַיּוֹת יִזַמֵּרוּ לִשִּמֶךָ. כַּדָּבָר שֵׁכַּתוּב, כַּל עַצִּמֹתַי תּאֹמַרְנָה, יי מִי כַמּוֹךָ מַצִּיל עַנִי מַחַזַק מִמֵּנוּ וַעַנִי וַאֵבִיוֹן מִגּזָלוֹ. מִי יִדְמֶה לָךְ וּמִי יִשְׁוָה לָךְ וּמִי יַעֲרֹךְ לָךְ הָאֵל הַגָּדוֹל, הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא, אֵל עֶלְיוֹן, קנה שָׁמַיִם וָאָרֶץ. נְהַלֶּלְדְּ וּנְשַׁבַּחָדְּ וּנְפָאֶרְדְּ וּנְבָרֵדְ אֶת שֵׁם קָדְשֶׁדְ, כָּאָמוּר: לְדָוִד, בַּרְכִי נַפִּשִׁי אָת ה' וַכָּל קַרָבַי אָת שֶׁם קַדְשׁוֹ. הָאֵל בִּתַעַצְמוֹת עָזַדְּ, הַגָּדוֹל בִּכְבוֹד שָׁמֶךְ, הַגִּבּוֹר לָנֵצַח וְהַנּוֹרָא בִּנוֹרְאוֹתֵיךָ, הַמֶּלֵךְ הַיּוֹשֶׁב עַל כִּסָא רַם וָנִשָּׂא.

נשמת The soul of every living being shall bless Your Name, L-rd, our G-d; and the spirit of all flesh shall always glorify and exalt Your remembrance, our King. From the beginning to the end of the world You are Almighty G-d; and other than You we have no King, Redeemer and Savior who delivers, rescues, sustains, answers and is merciful in every time of trouble and distress; we have no King but You. [You are] the G-d of the first and of the last [generations], G-d of all creatures, L-rd of all events, who is extolled with manifold praises, who directs His world with kindness and His creatures with compassion. Behold, the L-rd neither slumbers nor sleeps. He arouses the sleepers and awakens the slumberous, gives speech to the mute, releases the bound, supports the falling and raises up those who are bowed. To You alone we give thanks. Even if our mouths were filled with song as the sea, and our tongues with joyous singing like the multitudes of its waves, and our lips with praise like the expanse of the sky; and our eyes shining like the sun and the moon, and our hands spread out like the eagles of heaven, and our feet swift like deer we would still be unable to thank You L-rd, our G-d and G-d of our fathers, and to bless Your Name, for even one of the thousands of millions, and myriads of myriads, of favors, miracles and wonders which You have done for us and for our fathers before us. L-rd, our G-d. You have redeemed us from Egypt, You have freed us from the house of bondage, You have fed us in famine and nourished us in plenty; You have saved us from the sword and delivered us from pestilence, and raised us from evil and lasting maladies. Until now Your mercies have helped us, and Your kindnesses have not forsaken us; and do not abandon us, L-rd our G-d, forever! Therefore, the limbs which You have arranged within us, and the spirit and soul which You have breathed into our nostrils, and the tongue which You have placed in our mouth they all shall thank, bless, praise, glorify, exalt, adore, sanctify and proclaim the sovereignty of Your Name, our King. For every mouth shall offer thanks to You, every tongue shall swear by You, every eye shall look to You, every knee shall bend to You, all who stand erect shall, I bow down before You, all hearts shall fear You, and every innermost part shall sing praise to Your Name, as it is written: "All my bones will say, L-rd, who

is like You; You save the poor from one stronger than he, the poor and the needy from one who would rob him!" Who can be likened to You, who is equal to You, who can be compared to You, the great, mighty, awesome G-d, G-d most high, Possessor of heaven and earth! We will laud You, praise You and glorify You, and we will bless Your holy Name e, as it is said: "[A Psalm] by David; bless the L-rd, O my soul, and all that is within me [bless] His holy Name." You are the Almighty G-d in the power of Your strength; the Great in the glory of Your Name; the Mighty forever, and the Awesome in Your awesome deeds; the King who sits upon a lofty and exalted throne.

שוכן He who dwells for eternity, lofty and holy is His Name. And it is written: "Sing joyously to the L-rd, you righteous; it befits the upright to offer praise." By the mouth of the upright You are exalted; by the lips of the righteous You are blessed; by the tongue of the pious You are sanctified; and among the holy ones You are praised.

In the assemblies of the myriads of Your people, the House of Israel, Your Name, our King, shall be glorified with song in every generation. For such is the obligation of all creatures before You, L-rd, our G-d and G-d of our fathers, to thank, to laud, to praise, to glorify, to exalt, to adore, to bless, to elevate and to honor You, even beyond all the words of songs and praises of David son of Yishai, Your anointed servant.

ובכן And therefore, may Your Name be praised forever, our King, the great and holy G-d and King in heaven and on earth. For to You, L-rd, our G-d and G-d of our fathers, forever befits song and praise, laud and hymn, strength and dominion, victory, greatness and might, glory, splendor, holiness and sovereignty; blessings and thanksgivings to Your great and holy Name; from the beginning to the end of the world You are Almighty G-d. Blessed are You, L-rd, Almighty G-d, King, great and extolled in praises, G-d of thanksgivings, L-rd of wonders, Creator of all souls, Master of all creatures, who takes pleasure in songs of praise; the only King, the Life of all worlds.

One should immediately recite the blessing on the forth cup of grape juice.

ברוך Blessed are You, L-rd, our G-d, King of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

Drink the forth cup while reclining to the left.

The after-blessing on the grape juice is now recited. On Friday night, add the text in the shaded area.

Blessed are You, L-rd our G-d, King of the universe for the vine and the fruit of the vine, for the produce of the field, and for the precious, good and spacious land which You have favored to give as an heritage to our fathers, to eat of its fruit and be satiated by its goodness. Have mercy, L-rd our G-d, on Israel Your people, on Jerusalem Your city, on Zion the abode of Your glory, on Your altar and on Your Temple. Rebuild Jerusalem, the holy city, speedily in our days, and bring us up into it, and make us rejoice in it, and we will bless You in holiness and purity (May it please You to strengthen us on this Shabbat day) and remember us for good on this day of the Festival of Matzot. For You, L-rd, are good and do good to all, and we thank You for the land and for the fruit of the vine. Blessed are You, L-rd, for the land and for the fruit of the vine.

שׁוֹכֵן עַד מָרוֹם וְקָּדוֹשׁ שְׁמוֹ. וְכָתוּב: רַנְּנוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיי, לִיְשֶׁרִים נָאוָה תְהַלָּה. בְּפִי יְשָׁרִים תִּתְהַלָּל, וּבְדְבְרֵי צַדִּיקִים תִּתְבָּרַדְּ, וּבִלְשׁוֹן חֲסִידִים תִּתְרוֹמָם, וּבְקֶרֶב קַדושִׁים תִּתְקַדָּשׁ.

ּוּרְמַקְהַלוֹת רַבְבוֹת עַמְּךּ בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרַנָּה יִתְפָּאֵר שַׁמְדּ, מַלְכֵּנוּ, בְּכָל דּוֹר וָדוֹר, שֶׁכֵּן חוֹבַת כָּל הַיְצוּרִים לְפָנֶיךּ, יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ וַאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתִינוּ, לְהוֹדוֹת לְהַלֵּל לְשַׁבֵּח, לְפָאֵר לְרוֹמֵם לְהַדֵּר לְבָרֵדְ, לְעַלֵּה וּלְקַלֵּס עַל כָּל דִּבְרֵי שִׁירוֹת וְתִשְׁבָּחוֹת דּוָד בֵּן יִשִׁי עַבְדָּךְ מִשִׁיחָדְ.

וּכְכֵן יִשְׁתַּבַּח שִׁמְּךּ לעַד מַלְכֵּנוּ, הָאֵל הַמֶּלֶךְ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ
בַּשְׁמֵים וּבָאָרֶץ, כִּי לְדּ נָאֶה, יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ
לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד, שִׁיר וּשְׁבָחָה, הַלֵּל וְזִמְרָה, עֹז וּמֶמְשָׁלָה, נָצַח,
גְּדֻלָּה וּגְבוּרָה, תְּהַלָּה וְתִפְּאֶרֶת, קְדֵשָׁה וּמַלְכוּת, בְּרָכוֹת
וְהֹדֹלְהוֹת לְשִׁמְּךּ הַגָּדוֹל וְהַקְּדוֹשׁ, וּמְעוֹלְם עַד עוֹלָם אַתָּה
אֵל. בָּרוּךְ אַתָּה יי, אֵל מֶלֶךְ נָּדוֹל וּמְהוּלֵל בַּתִּשְׁכָּחוֹת, אֵל
הַהוֹדָאוֹת, אֲדוֹן הַנִּפְּלָאוֹת, בּוֹרֵא כָּל הַנְשָׁמוֹת, רְבּוֹן כָּל
הַמַעַשִׁים, הַבּוֹחַר בְּשִׁירִי זְמְרָה, מֶלֶךְ יָחִיד חֵי הָעוֹלְמִים.

בַּרוּךְ אַתַּה יי, אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֶךְ הַעוֹלַם בּוֹרֵא פָּרִי הַגַּפַן.

בָּרוּך אַתָּה יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם, עַל הַגֶּפֶן וְעַל פְּרִי הַגָּפֶן, עַל תְּנוּבַת הַשָּׁדָה וְעַל אֶרֶץ חֶמְדָּה טוֹבָה וּרְחָבָה שֶׁרָצִיתְ וְהִנְחַלְתָּ לַאֲבוֹתִינוּ לֵאֲכוֹל מִפְּרִיָה וְלְשְׂבֹעַ מְטוּבָה. רַחֶם נָא יי אֱלֹהֵינוּ עַל יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֶּךְ וְעַל יְרוּשָׁלִיִם עִירֶדְ וְעַל צִיוֹן מִשְׁכֵּן כְּבוֹדֶדְ וְעַל מִזְבְּחֶדְ וְעַל הַיכָלֶדְ וּבְנֵה יְרוּשָׁלִיִם עִיר הַקֹּדֶשׁ בִּמְהַרָה בְיָמִינוּ וְהַעְלֵנוּ לְתוֹכָה וְשַׁמְחֵנוּ בָה וּנְבָרֶכְדְ בִּקְדֻשָּׁה וּבְטָהָרָה הַבְּיוֹם הַשַּבָּת הַזָּה) וְזָכְרֵנוּ לְטוֹבָה בְּיוֹם חֵג הַמַצוֹת הַזָּה, כִּי אַתָּה יי טוֹב וּמַטִיב לַכֹּל, וְנוֹדֶה לְּךְ עַל הָאָרֶץ וְעַל כְּרִי הַגְּפֶּן. בָּרוּדְּ אַתָּה יי, עַל הָאָרֶץ וְעַל פּרִי הֹגְּפוֹ.

NEXT YEAR IN JERUSALEM!

לְשָׁנָה הַבָּאָה בִּירוּשֶׁלְיִם!